20 CENTS A WEEK will insure the delivery of The Daily Colonist at your door every morning

The Daily Colonist.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON KASLO!

VOL. LXXV.---NO. 42. VICTORIA: BRITISH COLUMBIA WEDNESDAY JANUARY 29, 1896 THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

PRESENTS.

When you wish to buy a Wedding or Birthday Present, do not fail to look carefully through our stock.

SEE OUR STERLING SILVER GOODS, SILVER PLATED WARE, CLOCKS, ETC.

Our prices are right.

Challoner & Mitchell, JEWELLERS, 47 Government St.

Ceylon Teas PACKED BY JOS. TETLEY & SONS ARE UNRIVALLED.

Your are always certain to get your money's worth. Put up in 1 lb. and ½ lb. lead packets and sold at 50c., 60c., 70c. and $1.00 per lb. For sale by all first-class Grocers . . .

Hudson's Bay Co.,

WHOLESALE AGENTS, VICTORIA.

Away Back In Bible Times

The people wore sandals; but they are out of style now, People now wear Shoes. That's what we sell; they're about as easy on your feet as sandals, and look ever so much better. The prices differ, but none of them are too much to pay for a *Comfortable Shoe*. There's a good stock of seasonable shoes to choose from—the City and Country K Cork Soles, etc., also Ladies' Heavy Walking Shoes. : : :

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government and Johnson Streets

Oh! Mamma!

THAT'S THE CHEESE.

Always lead; never follow. We are not satisfied to keep pace with the procession. We are ahead; to lead all competition. Our position is in the front rank. Price of wheat gone up; flour must follow.

Sugar up ¼---quantity down 20 lbs. for $1.00.
Rolled Oats, 7 lbs. for 25c.
Syrup and Molasses in useful air-tight jars, 15c. and 25c.
Fresh Eggs, 25c.
Take a squint at our Bargain Counter.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

"Reindeer" Stands Alone.

It is universally approved by the Medical Profession and is the only **Condensed Milk** that gives entire satisfaction.

Truro Condensed Milk & Canning Co., Truro, N.S.

Lessons in Leather Carving.

Ladies' fancy leather goods. Only a few days. PLACIDO RIOS. Call at Dean & Hiscocks drug store. ja19-2w

Carriage candles at Fell & Co's., Ltd.

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Office and Salesrooms, 37 and 39 Yates St.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SINGLE TAX CLUB—Public meeting this evening at 8 o'clock in Temperance Hall. Blackboard lecture on the "Labor Question" by the vice-president. Musical programme; admission free. ja29-1t

SHINGLES FOR SALE in lots to suit purchasers. Price $1.10 per M; first-class in quality; delivered from inner harbor. Apply Munn, Holland & Co., 26½ Broad street, opposite Driard Hotel. ja25-1m

LOST—On Sunday evening, 19th instant, a pair gold rimmed eyeglasses, with chain attached, between the Methodist church, Pandora avenue, and Cormorant street via Amelia. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving them at the Colonist office. ja29-3t

FOUND—Some money. Rightful owner can receive it by paying for advertisement and applying to Colonist office. ja28-2t

LOST—Brown leather pocket book containing receipts, etc. $5 reward for its return to this office. ja28-3t

BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL—Also nut and slack coal at lowest market price. Apply Munn, Holland & Co., 26½ Broad street. ja24

THERE IS NO PERADVENTURE

About a prescription prepared at our store. It is absolutely correct in every respect. There's a satisfaction in knowing this.

JOHN COCHRANE, Pharmaceutical Chemist, N.W. corner of Yates and Douglas Streets. Gold Medallist Ontario College Pharmacy.

NOTICE.

Vancouver Encampment, No. 1, I.O.O.F. All members are requested to assemble at the Hall, Douglas street, at 2 p.m., on Thursday, the 30th inst., to attend the funeral of our late Brother, Patriarch Eli Hallet.

By order C.P.
A. GRAHAM, Scribe
ja29-2t

Entertainment

At the R.E. School-house, Humboldt St. On Thursday, January 30th.

D'Oyley Tea and Sale of Work at 3 o'clock. Picture Tableaux at 8 o'clock. Admission in evening, 25c. ja29-2t

STATEMENT

Of Receipts and Expenditure of the

Board of Public School Trustees of Victoria City School District.

For the year ending December 31st, 1895.

RECEIPTS.

Provincial gov't per capita grant		$18,091 54
Provincial revenue tax		11,769 00
Special rate of two mills for school purposes		18,302 12
Balance of Educational Loan By-law		1,243 11
From the general revenue of the City of Victoria		4,240 02
Total receipts		$53,645 79

EXPENDITURE.

Teachers' salaries		$37,773 10
Janitors' salaries	$2,798 50	
Fuel	816 00	
Board expenses	917 86	
Printing and advertising	69 65	
Furniture	1,868 52	
Supplies	208 60	
Repairs and alterations	2,474 85	
Fire insurance	286 50	
Esquimalt Water Co.	12 00	
V. & E. Telephone Co.	479 80	
Scavenger	213 00	
School Att. Officer	20 00	
Rent Mission School	70 00	
Sundries N.O.S.	58 55	
	$10,233 83	
Less sale of W.C. buckets	6 25	$10,227 58
		$48,000 68
Expenditure for improvements from balance of loan account		1,243 11
Interest on Education loan	$3,825 00	
Sinking fund Education loan	577 00	
		4,402 00
		$53,645 79

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary,
CHAS. HAYWARD, Chairman, Victoria City School Board.

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
January 28, 1896. ja29-3t

URGENT.

We have been advertising for a well-built Modern Residence within 10 minutes' walk of post office, but so far have not obtained what we want. We have had several very nice and desirable Homes offered at remarkably low prices; in fact such prices that they MUST sell. Anyone in search of a home should consult us. We shall be pleased to drive them round to any or all of them. You cannot fail to be pleased at the choice. Nevertheless we are still urgently in want of a good, commodious, well-built and convenient residence near to centre of city. ☞Our next Furniture Sale will be announced shortly.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,

LEADING : : AUCTIONEERS.

Push the Button

Of our bell any hour of the night and you will be promptly attended to. We are light sleepers.

DEAN & HISCOCKS,
Chemists and Druggists, Corner Yates and Broad Streets.
ja16-1m

New Advertisements continued on page eight.

"Imperial Breakfast Mush" is the only thoroughly steamed and evaporated product; sold by your grocer in bulk or package form. Goes one-third farther and will cook in from 5 to 10 minutes. Be sure and ask for "Imperial Breakfast Flakes." x

Hood's Sarsaparilla, taken at this season, will make you feel strong and vigorous and keep you from sickness later on.

For a glass of nice hot punch call at Adelphi corner. M. C. Brown. x

"A Happy New Year to you all." Weiler Bros. x

ARMENIAN OUTRAGES!

Important Reports of the Consular Delegates Attached to the Armenian Commission.

Difficult to Get at the Truth—Every Denunciation of the Sultan Justified.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Blue books have been issued containing all the official dispatches relative to the Armenian troubles between July 24, 1894, and October 16, 1895, and the reports of the consular delegates attached to the Sassoun commission. The report gives the history of the Armenian agitation for several years and records the obstacles thrown in the way of the commission by the Turkish delegates. It also acquits the Armenians of the charge brought against them of burning their own property to incite an outbreak among their people, adding that the facts elicited failed to prove that the Armenians were in revolt, but showed that Turkish agitators had instigated several Armenian outrages on the Kurds. The latter retaliated and the Armenians fled to their villages. The conflicts between the Armenians and Kurds followed, and the government did nothing to arrive at a peaceful settlement or to protect the women and children.

The delegates are compelled to believe, the report says, that all the Armenians who fell into the hands of the soldiers, the Kurds or the Zaptiehs, were either killed or wounded and that with the exception of the eleven villagers of Taloria not a single prisoner was taken. The report shows that the number of killed has been grossly exaggerated, but it admits that owing to the absence of registration it is impossible, even approximately, to fix the number of victims. There is appended to the report a tabulated list of all the evidence tendered to the commission. The six villages mentioned show a total of 265 victims.

British delegate Shipley, in a memorandum attached to the joint report from the evidence gathered by Consul Hampson during his tour, estimates the total number of victims in the Sassoun district, including deaths from starvation, at about 900. One of the worst cases of cold-blooded cruelty, Delegate Shipley says, was the murder of the prisoners in camp at Chelloguzen, under promise of a safe conduct. But the numbers of those so murdered was only 40 or 50, and not hundreds as has been stated. While Mr. Shipley admits that there was violation of women, the alleged wholesale butchery of women, he says, was not confirmed. He points out that while an agitation subversive of Ottoman authority had existed amongst Armenians in Turkey and abroad, and had exasperated the Turkish government, it must be admitted that the government had failed in its duty of affording protection to all classes of its subjects. He complains of the suppression of evidence before the commission by Turkish officials as not calculated to advance the interests of the truth.

Mr. Shipley further declared that the Armenians were hunted like wild beasts and if the slaughter was not greater it was solely owing to the vastness of the mountain ranges which facilitated the escape of the Armenians. He was convinced that the Turks aimed at complete extermination of the Armenians in the Chelleguzian and Talori districts. The reports of the consular delegates show that the protests made by the delegates against the intimidation of the masses and the suborning of evidence by the government's agents, and their attempts to remedy the state of things were always fruitless, so the elucidation of the truth was very difficult. Regarding the maltreatment of women, only four female witnesses were heard, the commission refusing to hear others. For a similar reason the details of the Chelleguzian massacre are still wrapped in obscurity.

Mr. Shipley's memorandum is a most interesting document and couched in less severely official forms than the delegates' report. Consul Hampson, who made a tour of the villages, put the number of victims at from twenty to sixty to a village. Mr. Shipley therefore thinks it fair to estimate forty dead for each of the twenty-three villages destroyed. He was unable to gather any evidence as to the truth of the alleged massacre at the Convent of Surpmerpa, but thinks that all such stories were enormously exaggerated if not absolutely invented. The story of the torture of the priest Ohannes at Chelleguezan seems to have some foundation, but the alleged slaying of the Armenian Shero by Col. Tewfik is extremely doubtful.

Without desiring to appear partial to the Armenians, Mr. Shipley emphasizes the fact that they were exposed to the rapacity of government officials and to the exactions of Kurds, who would have burned their houses and stolen their cattle unless they had paid their demands. It is easy to understand that the Armenians could not pay taxes and satisfy the Kurds, and as the government did nothing to keep the Kurds in order, one cannot be surprised that the Armenians were discontented.

The editorials in the morning papers upon the Armenian blue books mostly comment on the fact that they only picture overtures to a long tale of massacre and that the careful report of the delegates has justified every denunciation yet published of the Sultan.

THE FUTURE OF TURKEY

Story of Her Partitionment Denied—Great Conservative Victory in London.

A Permanent Arbitration Tribunal Impossible—Menacing Attitude of the Boers.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—It was semi-officially announced this evening that there was no truth in the despatch published by the Daily News from Vienna saying that Russia is preparing to move next spring for the purpose of partitioning Turkey among the powers.

The election to-day to fill the vacancy in parliament for South St. Pancras caused by the death of Sir Julian Goldsmid, Liberal Unionist, resulted as follows: Jossel, Con., 2,631; Harris, Lib., 1,375; Conservative majority, 1,256. In the late general election Sir Julian Goldsmid had been returned by a majority of 1,210.

Sir Michael Hicks Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, speaking at Leeds tonight said there was good reason to expect a friendly arrangement of the Venezuelan affair, but he considered a permanent arbitration tribunal practically impossible because matters arise which could not be so submitted.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons, has issued a summons to his followers to meet at the opening of parliament.

The Times has received a vague telegram dated Jan. 27, signed "British Residents of Johannesburg," bitterly complaining of the dictatorial and menacing attitude of the Boer forces around the town. The dispatch also asserts that the Johannesburg women are subjected to maddening indignities.

The Turkish government has taken $600,000 from the official pension fund to meet urgent state requirements. Mauser rifles are to be given to the troops.

The exploration of the coal mine near Tylerstown, Wales, which was wrecked yesterday, has been completed, and it is found that the total number of killed amounts to 56.

TUPPER STRIKES BACK.

Making It Interesting for the Grits Who Have Been Circulating Stale Slanders.

Miners of Cape Breton Shown How Free Trade Would Destroy Their Livelihood.

SYDNEY, C.B., Jan. 28.—No hall in the town was large enough to accommodate a quarter of the people who came to attend the nomination proceedings in connection with the Cape Breton election. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., and Hon. George H. Murray were duly nominated, and afterwards Sir Charles spoke at the court house and Hon. Mr. Murray at Temperance hall. Sir Charles Tupper is standing the physical strain well. The question of the duty on coal is playing a prominent part in the campaign. Sir Charles Tupper vigorously advocates the maintenance of the duty, warning the voters that if the Liberals are returned they are committed to taking the duty off coal.

Sir Charles, who spoke for two hours, devoted a large portion of his speech to the mouldering bones of the old slanders alleged against him, that have been exhumed after having lain a generation in the grave. No man, not even his bitterest opponent, dare repeat these slanders in parliament, but they were anonymously circulated in Cape Breton. Sir Charles in this connection carried the war into Africa and made it pretty lively for the other side.

The feature of the Liberal meeting was Mr. Murray's speech in which he declared that he was in the fight to win, and as Sir Charles has never given any quarter to his opponents in his palmy days, he could not expect any from his opponents in his old age.

CUBAN FILIBUSTER WRECKED.

Loss of a Steamship Fitted Out in New York Harbor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—At no time since the beginning of hostilities has there been such excitement at the headquarters of Cuban revolutionists in this city as there was to-day, when it was learned that the steamship J. W. Hawkins, had been wrecked off the eastern end of Long island on Sunday night and abandoned by the revolutionists and her crew on Monday morning.

The news came as a thunderbolt among leading Cubans, for the evening papers in their late editions published a report to the effect that the steamer Hawkins had been fitted out at 138th street and East river, this city, with arms and ammunition. There were on board 120 men of the Cuban revolutionary party in addition to a crew of 16 men. The ship was commanded by Capt. Hall.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

RANK OBSTRUCTION!!

The Liberals Are Not Inclined to Allow Business to Be Proceeded With.

Budget on Friday—Liberal Caucus Favors a Manitoba School Commission.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—To-day's sitting in the House of Commons was characterized by rank obstruction on the part of the Liberals. They are evidently determined not to allow any business to proceed this session.

Hon. Mr. Foster wanted to take a step in Supply to-day, but the Grits talked every imaginable subject, the Remedial bill, Newcastle regulations, the non-appearance of the auditor's repo, until the Finance Minister at last gave it up in despair and the budget was definitely fixed for Friday.

Many Eastern papers commend the proposed purchase of Martini-Enfields.

Mr. Stairs will move a resolution in favor of procuring the most approved rifle.

Mr. Barnard is urging additional mail routes through the Cariboo country, owing to mining developments.

A caucus of Liberal members was held this morning. The gathering lasted upwards of an hour. Every follower of Mr. Laurier was on hand. Besides laying out their programme for the session, the caucus dealt with the Manitoba school question. After a discussion of the view of that important issue which the Liberal leader had chosen to adopt the rank and file of the party gave their assurances that the reform party is in favor of a commission. This will be backed up by a solid vote.

A dispatch from Right Hon. Mr. Chamberlain received to-day expresses the appreciation of the Queen and Princess Beatrice for the resolution of condolence passed by parliament on their sad bereavement.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Burned to Death.

PORT ARTHUR, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Patch, wife of Conductor Patch of Schrieber, while putting her children to bed last night upset a lamp. Her clothes took fire and before any assistance could be rendered she was dead.

Canadian Trading and Shipping Co.

MONTREAL, Jan. 28.—The liabilities of the Canadian Trading and Shipping Company, now in the hands of a receiver, amount to $170,000. The principal Canadian creditor is La Banque du Peuple for $72,000.

Death of a Public-Spirited Citizen.

LISTOWEL, Jan. 28.—William Hay, for forty years one of the most prominent and public-spirited men in this town, died last night at the general hospital, Guelph, where a few weeks ago he underwent an operation. Deceased was 65 year old.

Assaulted and Murdered.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 28.—The body of Annie Kempton, the 14-year-old daughter of Isaac Kempton, of Digby, was found this morning with her head fractured and throat cut. She had been assaulted and murdered while alone in the house last night.

Quebec's Caarnival Opened.

QUEBEC, Jan. 28.—The winter carnival was opened by Lieut. Governor Chapleau in a blaze of glory. The Albani concert, which was a great feature of the ceremonies, was an immense success, the Canadian prima donna being greeted with deafening cheers.

TORONTO TOPICS.

The Tailors and Their Bosses—Continuation of the Hyams Case.

TORONTO, Jan. 28. — (Special)—The fight between the locked out tailors was considerably embittered this afternoon by the importation from Buffalo of four first class tailors. The union is making strenuous but unsuccessful efforts to prevail upon these men to go back.

The examination of Mrs. Harry Hyams, in the case of conspiracy to murder her charged against Dallas Hyams, was gone into this afternoon. The reporters at the request of Mrs. Hyams were excluded. Crown Attorney Curry, however, says Mrs. Hyams' memory was very bad and that he had been unable to get from her any facts that would help the Crown in its prosecution of Dallas. He had other evidence, and it was not likely that Dallas would be discharged at present. There are also four charges of forgery against both brothers.

THE Victoria Amateur Dramatic Concert Company have decided upon February 2 as the date for the production of "The Perfumed Note," at A.O.U.W. hall, supplemented by a programme of comic and character songs, a grand national drill, and a dance.

A REALLY excellent vaudeville entertainment is being given this week at the Delmonico music hall, the chief features being the wonderful feats of the contortionist Cappolo and the clever dancing of Mlle. Trixeda.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Vancouver's Ball in Honor of Prince Louis of Italy—The Kaiser's Birthday.

Murdered at Capilano—Ore Shipments —School Troubles at East Vancouver.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 28.—The social event of the season took place at Dunn hall last night. It was the occasion of a reception to the officers of the Italian war cruiser Christoforo Colombo. Although very little time was at the disposal of the citizens who took the initiative the affair proved a splendid social success. It was originally intended that the reception should be under the auspices of the mayor and council of Vancouver but lack of time prevented the carrying out of any concerted plan, so that Prince Louis of Italy and his fellow officers were really the guests of those citizens who were fortunate enough to be present at the reception, while Mayor Collins and Aldermen Banfield, Shaw and Painter represented the city. About 9 o'clock the officers of the cruiser arrived in a body, and by that time about 200 of Vancouver's representative citizens and a corresponding number of the fair sex were present. As the officers, headed by the Prince, filed into the ballroom, handsomely uniformed, the Italian National Anthem was played and all the guests rose to their feet. The officers formed in a line, and for a few moments admired the festoons of flags and the smiling, expectant faces and pretty costumes of Vancouver's fair daughters. Then the presentations commenced. Nearly all the ladies were presented to the Prince, commander and officers. Those who enjoyed the social distinction of dancing with the prince say that he is a splendid dancer and interesting talker. The guests dispersed at 2:30 a. m., the commander and officers expressing themselves as pleased with the reception given them.

Yesterday being the birthday of the Emperor of Germany, the acting German consul, Capt. Von Hartman, entertained several officers of the Italian war ship Colombo, the mayor and the different consuls in the city at lunch.

It is reported that the Christoforo Colombo will leave to-morrow for Esquimalt.

Reeve May, of East Vancouver, will interview the Minister of Education on behalf of the citizens of East Vancouver in reference to the vexed school district question. East Vancouverites do not want to extend the district by adding on a portion of West Burnaby, and want no other than the site originally chosen by them.

Notice of motion was given at the council meeting last night that a suitable site be chosen for a recreation ground in Stanley Park.

It is thought by many that Philips, the colored man found dead at Capilano, was murdered. A post mortem has been held, and evidence is being gathered.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Jan. 28.—Mr. W. A. Carlyle's third lecture was well attended. General satisfaction is expressed at the reduction of the price of admission.

Indian Agent Devlin has gone to Chilliwack to act as executor for an old Indian woman who has just died, and who made a will in regular order shortly before her death, making Mr. Devlin sole executor. The property consisted of several milch cows, horses, wagons, farm implements and household furniture, the whole valued at about $1,000.

H. W. Hughes, at one time connected with the Pacific Herald newspaper, died at the insane asylum yesterday.

A Russian Fin, called One-Eyed Jack, entered the residence of J. Marshall last night while drunk, when Mr. Marshall was absent, and terrorized the family. He threatened to use a knife on the children, but left, anticipating the immediate return of Mr. Marshall.

KETTLE RIVER.

(From the News-Advertiser.)

Perhaps no part of the province is attracting more attention than the Kettle River country, situated just north of the international boundary line. Grand Prairie, containing about 50,000 acres, the home of many prosperous settlers, is without doubt one of the most beautiful valleys in the Northwest. In it is situated the town of Grand Forks, at the junction of the North Fork with the main Kettle River, the most important place in the valley. There are a large number of good mineral claims tributary to this place, and it has a bright future. It is not its agricultural or grazing resources that are bringing this country to the front, but its immense bodies of mineral. Most of the mines and claims, about 600 in number, are located around Boundary Creek and vicinity. The capping is similar to that of Trail Creek, in some cases identical. The rock carries gold, silver and copper; in some camps a large percentage of copper. A good deal of the ore is low grade, but sample shipments of ore have given satisfactory results, and many of the best properties have been sold or bonded to outside capitalists. The principal camps are the Greenwood, Providence, Wellington, Copper, Deadwood, White's, Atwood's, Long Lake and Summit.

NEW DENVER.

(From the Ledge.)

Cody Creek is fast coming into prominence. The position which it occupies cannot otherwise than bring it in a short time to the front.

Three concentrators will be running in the Slocan by next May, which will tend to make this a summer as well as a winter camp.

Mr. Maxwell, surveyor, of Sandon, is here with the purpose in view of bonding some claims in which Denver people are interested.

The Hyack and Clatawa claims have been examined with a view to bonding. These are just across Slocan lake from New Denver and are of considerable promise.

The Antoine mine near Kaslo shut down the latter part of last week. Scarcity of supplies was the cause given.

The ore sack factory has been moved across the lake and power to run it obtained from Warton's sawmill.

The shipment of ore from Dec. 28 to Dec. 30, inclusive, of the Idaho and Slocan Star mines was 160 and 20 tons respectively. The Idaho shipped her ore by way of Nakusp to Omaha, and the Slocan Star by the same route to Everett.

The November shipment of the Skyline to Pilot Bay was 200 tons, and that of the No. 1 75 tons. The December shipment of the Skyline was 200 tons, the No. 1 60 tons, and the Mile Point, 15 tons, all to Pilot Bay.

The Silver King shipped 1,500 tons of ore to the smelter at Nelson during December.

The amount of ore shipped over the K. & S. road to points in the United States, from the 9th to the 15th of January, 1896, aggregated 779,150 lbs., valued at $37,592. This is about 380½ tons. The total shipments from June till December 31 of the principal mines in the Slocan via Kaslo was 1,397½ tons, via Nakusp 2,661½ tons. The total amount of ore shipped from the mines in West Kootenay since June last was 48,237½ tons.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Departure of Mr. Ewart for Ottawa—The Remedial Bill—Dropped Dead.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 28.—(Special)—J. S. Ewart, Q.C., left to-day for Ottawa. "My business to the Dominion Capital," said the well known solicitor for the Roman Catholic minority, "is to look into what the government, or the committee they have appointed, are doing with the remedial measure which we have been promised. There are a good many rumors going the rounds that this bill is to be a mild one and after five years of hard work we do not intend to receive practically nothing as satisfaction for our labors. I shall do all that I can to assist the government in carrying out their pledges to deal justly with the Catholics of Manitoba."

A dispatch from West Selkirk says that Michael Chin, a young man eighteen years old, while scuffling with other boys in a store here dropped dead. He was in his usual health all day.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 27.—(Special)—By dog train mail from Rt. Rev. Dr. Reece, Anglican Bishop of the Mackenzie river, Sir John Schultz learned to-day that in August last two whalers had come in the vicinity of Herschel island from the neighborhood of which, owing to the large yearly catches in the past, the whalers are beginning to disappear. The Eskimo at the mouth of the Mackenzie under mission influence, objected to the quantities of whiskey supplied by them. One of the whalers will winter as far east as Cape Bathurst. His Lordship thanks Sir John Schultz for the interest he has taken in these matters.

The shipments of wheat from the Port Arthur and Fort William elevators last week were 40,000 bushels more than the preceding week. The returns are as follows: Receipts 180,149 bushels, shipments 110,984, in store 3,714,445.

The Winnipeg Conservatives hold a meeting on Friday evening to arrange for the Dominion elections.

The Winnipeg hockey players have returned from a successful tour to the St. Paul carnival. They met the St. Paul and Minneapolis teams in the tournament and were easy winners in the finals.

A Montreal dispatch published here says the C.P.R. will erect another mammoth grain elevator at Fort William next summer, also a large flat grain warehouse.

THE DISTRESSED ISLAND.

Difficult to Exaggerate the Condition of the Unemployed—Snow Blockade.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Jan. 27.—The destitution is increasing here and demands for labor are becoming more vehement. Everybody qualified to form an opinion admits that it is difficult to exaggerate the condition of the workingmen and unemployed. The streets are impassable from recent snow storms thus affording work for a hundred men, yet no steps have been taken to clear them. Petitions are preparing for presentation to Governor Murray to-morrow urging the adoption of relief measures. Trains on one section of railway broke through the snow blockade after five days. One train killed a man named Kennedy on Saturday night and mangled his body frightfully. The accident was not discovered until yesterday.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

CURES

DYSPEPSIA, BAD BLOOD, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY TROUBLES, HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS.

B.B.B. unlocks all the secretions and removes all impurities from the system from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

BURDOCK PILLS act gently yet thoroughly on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

We have a nice assortment of Down Comforters at all prices; also a fine stock of blankets. Weiler Bros. x

Fresh Eastern Oysters

Direct from Montreal at Fell & Co., Fort street, taken from cold storage daily. x

THE TYE HARDWARE CO.

LATE T. H. TYE & CO.

FORMERLY MATTHEWS, RICHARDS & TYE. ESTABLISHED 1863.

IRON, STEEL,

Mining AND Milling Supplies

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE, TOOLS, ETC.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND QUALITY.

Compete with any House in the Province.

NOS. 32 AND 34 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

1895 PENDRAY'S 1896

PRIZE COMPETITION

20 PRIZES

will be given for the 20 largest number of Electric Soap Wrappers sent in by October 1st, 1896.

1st Prize	$20.00
2nd Prize	15.00
3rd Prize	10.00
2 Prizes of	7.50
4 Prizes of	5.00
6 Prizes of	2.50
5 Prizes of	1.00

For particulars and conditions see small bills sent out with all Electric Soap.

TAKE NOTICE.

No wrappers of any kind will be elegible unless the name of W. J. PENDRAY is upon them. Refuse any other Electric Soap, and see that every wrapper has the name of W. J. PENDRAY upon it.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that William Henry Perry and John Turner, both of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, carrying on business at the said City of Victoria, under the firm name and style of Perry & Turner, have, by deed dated the 24th day of January, 1896, assigned all their real and personal estate to Benjamin S. Oddy, of the City of Victoria aforesaid, Accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying, rateably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts, and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said William Henry Perry and John Turner and of the said firm of Perry & Turner. The said Deed was executed by the said William Henry Perry and John Turner, the Assignors, and by the said Benjamin S. Oddy, the Trustee and Assignee, on the said 24th day of January, A.D. 1896, and the said Trustee and Assignee has thereby undertaken and accepted the Trusts created by said Deed. All persons having claims against the said Assignors, or the said Perry & Turner, must forward or deliver full particulars of such claims, duly verified, to the undersigned, on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1896, and all persons indebted to the said Assignors, or to the said Perry & Turner, are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said Trustee and Assignee, or to the undersigned, forthwith.

And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1896, the Trustee and Assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said Trustee and Assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said Trustee and Assignee will not be liable for the assets and any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not, at the time of such distribution, have had notice.

Dated this 24th day of January, A.D. 1896.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Trustee and Assignee,
Office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building,
ja28-1m Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

Notice of Creditors' Meeting.

A meeting of the creditors of the said assignors will be held at the office of A. L. Belyea, Solicitor for the Trustee and Assignee, Rooms 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C., on Monday, the 3rd day of February, 1896, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon.

A. L. BELYEA,
ja25-td Solicitor for the Trustee and Assignee.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company with power to operate traction engines and cars upon the Cariboo Wagon Road and tributary roads in British Columbia.

W. H. ARMSTRONG,
oc18 Agent for Applicant.

NOTICE.

The public are hereby notified that any furniture or goods of any kind whatsoever are not to be offered for sale or to be removed from my house, No. 33 Frederick street, Victoria City, without my written order or personal consent. Anyone removing goods after this notice will be prosecuted.

Also I will not be answerable for any debt or debts contracted without my written order.

[Signed] JOE LEVY.
Victoria, B.C., January 3rd, 1896, ja4-tf

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. Ltd

7 PER CENT. DEBENTURES.

THIRD ANNUAL DRAWING

The following are the numbers of the debentures drawn for repayment at par on and after the 15th day of February next.

Interest thereon ceases on the 15th day of February, 1896.

Fifty Debentures, numbers

18	21	36	50	53	55
75	82	86	116	121	122
128	131	140	145	159	164
199	211	226	260	268	286
292	305	309	317	332	357
360	375	383	391	393	400
419	420	444	446	450	460
461	471	475	476	478	482
486	500				

Fifty Debentures of $500.00 each.....$25,000.00

The above mentioned debentures will be paid on and after the 15th day of February next, on presentation of the Debentures, at the Bank of British Columbia, Victoria, B.C.

For the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company Limited.

R. P. RITHET, Chairman.
F. W. VINCENT, Secretary.

Countersigned.
W. H. LANGLEY,
Victoria, B.C.,
Notary Public.
Victoria, B.C., January 25th, 1896. ja26

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate "The Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada," for the purpose of doing a general life insurance business.

F. H. CHRYSLER,
For Applicants.
Ottawa, December 11th, 1895. de19-9t-oaw

NOTICE is hereby given that default having been made in payment of an assessment levied by the Phillips Arm Quartz Mining Company upon the interest of Mr. J. P. Lawson therein, the interest of the said J. P. Lawson or so much thereof as will satisfy the said assessment as well as the costs and charges occasioned by such default, will be sold by public auction by Mr. W. H. Hooper, at his rooms, Hastings street, Vancouver, B.C., on Friday, the 16th day of March, 1896, at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

[Signed.] H. RHODES,
Manager of the Phillips Arm Quartz
ja5-td Mining Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease as a site for a fishing station the following described lands situated on the west side of Union Island, Kyuquot Sound, viz:—Commencing at a post marked "West Coast Packing Co.," thence in a northerly direction along the shore 30 chains; thence east 5 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 5 chains to place of commencement.

Dated December 31st, 1895.

WEST COAST PACKING COMPANY.
ja10-1m [Signed.] R. V. WINCH, Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease as a fishing station the following described lands situated on the head of Zucallos Arm, Esperanza Inlet, viz:—Commencing at a post marked "West Coast Packing Co.," west corner: thence east 50 chains to a stake on the east shore of Zucallos Arm; thence north 20 chains; thence west 50 chains; thence south 50 chains to place of commencement.

Dated December 5th, 1895.

WEST COAST PACKING COMPANY.
ja10-1m [Signed.] R. V. WINCH, Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease as a fishing station the following described lands situated on the head of Port Elize Arm, Esperanza Inlet, viz:—Commencing at a post marked "West Coast Packing Co.," on the west side of Port Elize Arm; thence east 40 chains to a post on the east side of the Arm; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to place of commencement.

Dated December 22nd, 1895.

WEST COAST PACKING COMPANY.
ja10-1m [Signed.] R. V. WINCH, Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease as a fishing station the following described lands on Kyuquot Sound, on mainland, west of Union Island, viz:—Commencing at a stake marked "West Coast Packing Co.," thence along the shore in a northerly direction 30 chains; thence west 5 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence east 5 chains to place of commencement.

Dated December 21st, 1895.

WEST COAST PACKING COMPANY.
ja10-1m [Signed.] R. V. WINCH, Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the British Columbia Southern Railway Company to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, at its next Session, for an Act extending the time within which the Company may complete its undertaking

Dated 10th December, A.D. 1895.

de25-td J. A. GEMMILL.

HANG WO HING KEE,

Importer and dealer in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods.

New goods just arrived.

No 31 Cormorant Street, Victoria, B.C.
P.O. Box 832. oc27

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER IS THE BEST

Behold

The Star of the West

whose health - giving rays, shining over an ever widening circle, give an assurance of well-made cakes to all who use . . .

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS CO'Y, LD.

Stages for Cariboo.

The regular Weekly Stage for all points in *Cariboo and Lillooet,*

Leaves Ashcroft every Monday morning at 4 o'clock, travelling by daylight only and making about 70 miles a day, each way, lying over one day at Barkerville.

Ashcroft to Clinton,

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Ashcroft for Lillooet, Mondays and Wednesdays.

Special Stages

Furnished on proper notice and at reasonable rates. For a party of five or more persons, regular stage fares only will be charged. These specials make regular stage time, changing horses along the route. General express matter carried by regular stages. Fast freight by specials.

For further information apply to

B. C. EXPRESS CO., LTD,
je6d&w-tf Ashcroft, B.C.

FOR THE NORTH.

THE STEAMER

Barbara Boscowitz

Carrying Her Majesty's mails for Port Simpson and Way Ports, Skidegate, Q.C.I., via Vancouver

ON FRIDAY, JANUARY 31ST,

At 7 o'clock p.m., from Porter's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Manager,
ja28 6 Trounce Avenue.

BELLINGHAM BAY S. & T. CO'Y.

Victoria-Whatcom Route.

STR. ISLAND BELLE

Leaves Whatcom on Wednesdays, calling at Roche Harbor, Friday Harbor, West Sound and East Sound, connecting at Sidney with the V. & S. R.R. afternoon train for Victoria.

Returning leaves Sidney on Thursdays, calling at way ports and making close connections at Whatcom with the Great Northern and C.P.R trains, north and south, and with steamers for up-Sound.

For freight and passenger rates apply to

JOS. KILDALL,
General Manager,
or to
T. W. PATERSON, Whatcom.
General Manager V. & S. D.R.,
no23-tf Victoria

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

Ship "Candida."

This vessel will commence discharging cargo to-day (Wednesday) at the Outer Wharf.

Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and receive orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 o'clock each day and while on the Wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

ja22 TURNER, BEETON & CO., Agents.

[L.S.] E. DEWDNEY.

CANADA

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Faithful the members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our Province of British Columbia at Our City of Victoria—GREETING.

A PROCLAMATION.

D. M. Eberts, Attorney-General.

WHEREAS We are desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our people of Our Province of British Columbia, and to have their advice in Our Legislature.

NOW KNOW YE, that for divers causes and considerations, and taking into consideration the ease and convenience of Our loving subjects, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Executive Council of the Province of British Columbia, to hereby convoke, and by these presents enjoin you, and each of you, that on Thursday, the Twenty-third day of the month of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, you meet Us in Our said Legislature for Parliament of our said Province, at Our City of Victoria, FOR THE DISPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, do, act, and conclude upon those things which in Our Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, by the Common Council of Our said Province may, by the favour of God, be ordained.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have cave caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of the said Province to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, the Honourable EDGAR DEWDNEY, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of British Columbia, in Our City of Victoria, in Our said Province, this fifth day of December, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and in the fifty-ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command.
JAMES BAKER,
de6-tf Provincial Secretary.

LECTURES

—ON—

MINING.

The following Lectures will be given under the auspices of the Government at the following times and places:

Mining, Geology and Ore Deposits

By MR. CARLYLE,

Provincial Mineralogist,

VICTORIA—January 20th and 27th, February 3rd and 10th, at 8 p.m., in Board of Trade Room.

VANCOUVER—January 22nd, 24th, 29th and 31st, at 8 p.m., in Lesser-Dunn Hall.

NEW WESTMINSTER—January 21st, 23rd, 28th and 30th, at 8 p.m., in Board of Trade Room.

ON CHEMISTRY,

By MR. CARMICHAEL,

Provincial Analyst and Assayer,

VICTORIA—January 23rd and 30th, February 6th and 13th, at 8 p.m., in Board of Trade Room.

ON METALLURGY,

By MR. PELLEW-HARVEY,

VANCOUVER—February 5th and 12th, at 8 p.m., in Lesser-Dunn Hall.

NEW WESTMINSTER—February 4th and 11th, at 8 p.m., in Board of Trade Rooms.

The Lectures will be open to the public on payment at the door of twenty-five cents each person for each lecture.

JAMES BAKER,
ja10-td Minister of Mines.

NOTICE.

Legislative Assembly.

PRIVATE BILLS.

The time limited by the Rules of the Hous for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will expire on the 6th day of February, 1896.

Bills must be presented on or before the 13th day of February, 1896.

Reports from the Standing Committee on Private Bills will not be received after the 20th day of February, 1896.

If any of the Rules above referred to are suspended, the Promoters of all Private Bills taking the benefit of such suspension of said Rules will be required to pay double fees.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1895.

THORNTON FELL,
de10-td Clerk Legislative Assembly

TO LET.

Furnished rooms with or without board, in a delightful part of the city; terms very moderate; every convenience in connection with house; most beautiful surroundings and within easy walking distance of Government street. Address "Cantab," Colonist office. ja9-1m

PREFERENTIAL TRADE!

Sir Charles Tupper Addresses the Montreal Merchants on Commercial Relations With England.

The Interest in the Colonies Immensely Increasing in the Mother Country.

The Montreal Gazette of the 21st instant publishes an extended report of the large and representative meeting of the merchants of Montreal held the previous day in the exchange hall of the Board of Trade, at which Sir Charles Tupper delivered a vigorous and telling address on "Preferential Trade Relations Between Great Britain and Her Colonies." The meeting is described as being exceptionally large, the size and quality of the audience being tributes at once to the eminence of the speaker and the importance of his subject.

Mr. James Cantlie, the president of the board, briefly introduced Sir Charles Tupper, observing that no more fitting place could be found than the Board of Trade of the commercial metropolis of Canada, the head of ocean navigation, and the largest shipping port of the Dominion. They all recognized the value of the work done by Sir Charles Tupper in forwarding the commercial interests of Canada, not only in Great Britain, but in other parts of the world, and, he was sure, that those present, who were engaged in commercial pursuits, would find the address most instructive and valuable. (Applause.)

After some preliminary remarks, Sir Charles Tupper said: "I am glad to know that we have still some questions, and very important questions, too, that are outside of the domain of party politics. I am very glad to know that this is one of them. I took up the great organ of the Liberal party of this country—the Globe newspaper, of Toronto—and I found it there stated that Sir Charles Tupper proposed to deliver an address on preferential trade, in the city of Montreal. I was glad to find the statement that, on that question, every person in this country, of all parties, would hold up both hands in favor of preferential trade. (Applause.) That statement warrants me in believing that this question is outside the domain of party politics, and is one of the great questions on which gentlemen of all parties, interested in the progress and prosperity of Canada, may unite heart and hand."

THE TIME FAVORABLE.

Sir Charles Tupper then went on to point out why he thought the hope might be entertained that, at no very distant date, we should see this great principle of preferential trade recognized throughout the British Empire. (Applause.(The first question that was to receive the attention of the forthcoming great congress of chambers of commerce of the Empire was that of commercial relations between the mother country and her colonies and dependencies. (Loud applause.) He was quite sure that that meeting would agree with him in attaching great importance to Canada having as large and as able a representation as possible. The present time was one singularly favorable for the consideration of the great question of preferential trade between the United Kingdom and her various colonies and dependencies. Just now England was face to face with the fact that since 1890, there had been a decline in British exports of £47,700,000 sterling. Not only was that the case, but agricultural depression was felt most seriously throughout the United Kingdom. Since 1870 something like 3,000,000 acres of land had been taken out of wheat cultivation and laid down to grass. This had produced a vast and steady procession of agricultural laborers to the great towns, there to become burdensome upon the country, by furnishing an amount of labor for which there was

NO EMPLOYMENT,

and leaving hundreds and thousands of industrious and good men in the miserable position of having no work to do. Sir Charles quoted from a speech delivered by Lord Salisbury, at Hastings, in 1892, to the effect that, in the great commercial fight, that was going on between nations, Great Britain, by her adherence to free trade policy, had deliberately stripped herself of the armor and the weapons by which the battle had to be fought. Sir Charles said that he could give no better illustration of the truth of Lord Salisbury's statement than by pointing out that Spain made a treaty with the United States, under which it was agreed that, if the latter would not impose duties upon three or four articles that would give Spain a preferential position in the markets of the United States, not only for the products of Spain, but, what was still more important, the Spanish Antilles, the States should have benefits in return. Great Britain thereupon said: "Surely, if you are going to give these advantages to the United States for such an insignificant and small consideration, you will give them to a country like England, which allows everything you have to send either from Spain or her colonies, free into her markets." But Spain said not at all. This is a boon that we have only power to give for a *quid pro quo*. We are only authorized to make concessions to countries for something they have given us, and as you have given us all you have already, you have got nothing to give. Consequently (said Sir Charles) England, treating Spain in this liberal spirit, found that, as Lord Salisbury said, she had stripped herself of the armor and the weapons by which the battle had to be fought. He continued: Now, what is the remedy for this state of things? and, in reply, gave a quotation from a speech by Mr. Goschen, at Sheffield, in 1889, in which he drew attention to the interest the English working-classes had in the expansion of the colonies and the maintenance of British dominions beyond the seas. Sir Charles then referred to a paper he read at the Royal Colonial Institute in London, in which he drew attention to the

VALUE OF THE COLONIAL TRADE

as compared with the foreign trade of England, and showed that if England wanted to increase her trade she should turn her attention less to foreign countries and more to the great colonies which formed prrt of her dominions. (Applause.) In this paper he pointed out that the self-governing colonies, and West Indies, take seven times as much of British exports per head as the population of the United States. Six of the colonies importing the largest quantity of British produce, the Cape, Canada, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand and Queensland, took eleven or twelve times as much per head as the population of the United States, Germany, France, Spain, Brazil and Russia taken together. Sir Charles then quoted statistics in reference to British exports to foreign countries and to the colonies and India since 1870, comparing the one with the other, and showing the development in the trade with the colonies and India as compared with foreign countries. He contrasted the trade with the colonies and India in order to emphasize the immense interest that England had in cultivating trade with her own possessions in preference to foreign countries, and said that "no better evidence could be given to any country in the world of the immense importance of doing all that it is possible in the power of the British Empire to do to develop her colonies and to increase their population and their means of trading with her, in preference to devoting their attention to foreign countries." The colonial trade of the United Kingdom since 1893, said Sir Charles, had shown a greater recovery, both relatively and absolutely, than the trade with foreign countries. The imports from the colonies for the year 1894 were $2,142,712 more than in the previous year; the increase in the imports from foreign countries during the same period was £1,413,920, or more than £1,000,000 less increase than in the imports from the colonies. The exports to the colonies in 1894 were £2,616 more than in 1893, whilst the exports to foreign countries were £3,355,049 less, showing that the combined trade with the colonies was plus £2,145,328, whilst with foreign countries there was a decline of £,941,-129. "The trade returns," continued Sir Charles, "do not show the relative importance of the figures in this regard, as justice has not been done to Canada, and every gentleman here will appreciate that in a moment when I tell you why. You sent a

GREAT EXPORT OF HAY

a year of two ago. When the hay crop was cut off and the cattle were all but starving in the United Kingdom, that country was able to successfully turn to the great Dominion of Canada and obtain a large amount of the best hay that has ever been consumed in the United Kingdom. It seems to me that the government of the country, and the commercial centres are bound to adopt means, when the import trade is opened up to prevent its being depreciated, and injured by an inferior article being sent forward. (Hear, hear.) The other point which I wish to bring out, is that it has been demonstrated that when hay is required, this is the country to which, above all others, the United Kingdom may look, and look with confidence, for the relief it needs. But what happened in the case of the greatly increased export of hay, to which I have referred? You found very little hay in the trade returns. I investigated the subject, and I had a long correspondence with the Colonial office and the Board of Trade of Great Britain. The same thing applies to all the products of this Dominion that go through United States ports. The trade returns credit the United States with those products, instead of crediting Canada. If it were not for this failure of the trade returns to show the country of origin you would find this contrast that I have just given that is already so largely in favor of the colonies, would be vastly increased, and we should stand very much higher, with reference to our export trade to the mother country, than we do at present. (Applause.) When I am told that this question of preferential trade is making no progress in England, I think, I may venture to say, that those who make that statement do not know what they are talking about. My friend, Sir Donald A. Smith, who is sitting on the platform with us to-day, and my friend, Mr. Perrault, who sits before me, will bear me out in the statement, that, at the last Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, held in London in 1893, the only question that really obtained

GREAT AND ELABORATE CONSIDERATION

was the question of preferential trade with the colonies. After ten or eleven years' residence in London, during the time that the office of High Commissioner has been under my charge, I have no hesitation in saying that, conservative as they are in England—I was almost going to say fossilized with reference to the adoption of any new principle, for you can hardly conceive the difficulty there is in that country in getting anything that is new or anything that means a change taken up and adopted—I have no hesitation in saying that I have never witnessed on any question such a radical, thorough and wide-spread change as is pervading the public mind in the United Kingdom from one end of it to the other in favor of preferential trade with the colonies. (Cheers.) Even half a dozen years ago you could not have got two hours' discussion in that great congress of the Empire on this preferential trade, and yet these gentlemen whom I have mentioned know that for two days this was the only subject discussed, and more attention was given it than to anything else. But then, they say, we were beaten. Beaten—what does that mean? I wonder if the Corn laws were repealed when it was first proposed by Richard Cobden and the other great men who advocated repeal. Why, it was after long effort, continued year after year, that they actually got the public mind to take hold of the question at all. Here was a question that was comparatively new, that was advocated practically for the first time at this congress in 1893. What was the result? I am afraid to speak from memory, and not anticipating this question would come up I have not the figures under my hand, but my recollection is that we were defeated by 34 votes to 27. I think those are about the figures, and I regarded it as

A PERFECT TRIUMPH

of the cause we advocated, indicating a most wonderful change of public opinion. That is not all. I took the subject up, and in an article which I communicated to one of the quarterlies, over my own signature, I pointed out that if the representatives of chambers of commerce in Australia and the Cape had all of them voted with us, according to the

Continued on page Six.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE 74

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

LOANS EFFECTED, RENTS AND INCOME COLLECTED, DEEDS PREPARED, ETC.

For Sale--1388-Acre Farm

ABOUT 1000 ACRES OF WHICH IS PLOUGHABLE PRAIRIE OF FIRST-CLASS QUALITY.

120 Head of Cattle, 1 pedigree Hereford Bull. 12 Horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds, and usual farm implements. Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gents'), Bridles, etc. Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools. Nine-room House, shingle roofed. Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above. Stone Root-house, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc. About 7 miles Standing Fences, in good order, Corrals, etc. Small lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc.

THIS PROPERTY is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate; one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

THE TITLE is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

THE CATTLE are well bred. A much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

THE CLIMATE is not severe. The station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

THE SOUTH-WEST KOOTENAY AND OSOYOOS Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

For Sale--20,000 Acres of Farming Land

IN CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS.

Beautifully watered, forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings; 2,000 head of cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed and most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

These localities are rapidly settling up, and as farm land is limited, great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to work these Estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

Unanimity of Opinion

as to the best of Matches is forcibly illustrated in every grocery in this Canada of ours.

Doesn't the maker's name occur to you?

The E. B. Eddy Co.,

HULL, QUE.

Reward of Two Hundred Dollars.

The Commercial Union Assurance Company (Limited) of London hereby offer a reward of two hundred dollars for the arrest within six months from this date, and the conviction of any person or persons found guilty of the crime of Arson by being connected with the fire of December 13th, 1895, which destroyed the building known as the "Colwood Hotel," situate at the junction of the Sooke and Goldstream roads, Esquimalt District, B.C.

San Francisco, 30th December, 1895.

ja4-1m C. F. MULLINS, Manager.

LAND REGISTRY ACT, Lot 42, Victoria City: Whereas the certificate of title of Jane Elizabeth Dunlevy, to the above lot bearing date the 3rd day of May, 1883, and numbered 4468A, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of same, and notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof. S. Y. Wootton, Deputy Registrar General. Land Registry office, Victoria, January 15th, 1896. ja15-1m

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase).....£600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE.....£125,000 $1,143,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA: Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson, (Kootenay Lake).

IN THE UNITED STATES: San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma.

Agents and Correspondents: In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at *3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.*

Gold Dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco is our authorized agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1863.

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO., VICTORIA, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes. fe1

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN,

Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturers of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fe5

PAINTERS.

R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. No. 40 Fort street. mr17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty. fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MRS. MARSHALL

Has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style and perfectly fitted. de1-tf

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,

Civil and Hydraulic Engineers,

Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

PHYSICIAN.

DR. H. J. FLEISCHER (Deutscher arzt) Specialty—Surgery and genito-urinary diseases. Office, Gottstein Block, Seattle, Wash. Office hours, 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays 12 to 1 p.m. se22-3m.

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street.—Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munro's, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

THE BANK EXCHANGE.

MERCHANTS' LUNCHEON 15c

From 11:30 to 2:30.

Meals at all Hours.

Private dining-rooms up-stairs. The coslest, cleanest and cheapest dining-room in the city.

Sequah's Remedies

Can be obtained from your Chemist.

Take No Substitute.

Don't forget these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and Direct from Langley & Co.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director and Embalmer

52 Government Street, Victoria.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

NOTICE.

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

au3

GEO. A. SARGISON,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant and Agent.

No. 48 Langley Street.

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1896.

Published Every Day except Monday
by
The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada.....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week, if delivered..... 20

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

Published Every Monday and Thursday

Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States..... $1 50
Six months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates, per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted other than for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid nonpareil,, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

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Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1.00; funeral notices, 50 cents extra.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

AN UNHAPPY EFFORT.

The Times, in discussing the Speech from the Throne, could not resist the temptation of introducing Dominion politics. Its efforts, however, to make a point were not more successful than usual. In fact, we might even go to the length of flattering our contemporary by stating that we have known occasions upon which it has done better. Commenting on this paragraph:

During the past year the yield of crops was much larger than usual; but I regret, however, that owing to the low prices of the produce coming into competition with that of our farmers the season's operations have not been as profitable as I would desire to see.

It says: "This will be pleasant reading for the gentlemen who talk so much of the value of protection to British Columbia farmers." It does not require reasoning powers of a very high order to conclude that if the farmers with protection are getting low prices for their produce, owing to competition with foreigners, they would be very much worse off without it. We all know that in British Columbia the principal competition comes from the States of Washington, Oregon and California, where farm products have been so cheap that they barely save the farmers from starvation. Take away the protection we have and our farmers would be as badly off as their neighbors to the south. During the recent campaign Mr. Templeman and his supporters when among the farmers were very careful to steer clear of talking against protection, and in fact spoke like good disciples of the doctrine.

This blowing hot and cold on free trade and protection, sometimes advocating one and then the other as political exigencies would seem to dictate, is one of the many weak points in the political armor of the Liberals. The chameleon may be said to be steadfast in its complexion compared with these gentlemen.

BE LOGICAL.

We are glad to see that the Victoria Times has begun to be reasonable on the Manitoba school question. In Monday's issue it says:

The Manitoba government and legislature have not in later days contended that the minority had no right to appeal to the federal authorities for redress of what they considered a grievance, or that the federal authority had no power to hear the appeal and act upon it. Nobody would think of offering any such contention in the face of the Privy Council's second judgment.

This is sound and sensible. If, then, the denominational minority has a right to appeal under the constitution; if the Federal Government has the power to hear that appeal and to act upon it, and if the Parliament of the Dominion is the tribunal appointed by the constitution to decide upon the minority's appeal, where does the invasion of provincial rights come in, and how can Manitoba, with any approach to truth, be said to be coerced?

Does not our neighbor see that the Constitution of Manitoba makes provision for just such appeals as the minority has made, and points out exactly how the appellants are to proceed in order to obtain a redress of their grievance? In presenting their appeal they are acting strictly within their rights, and they are not encroaching upon the rights of the majority. The Times must see that in making the admissions it does it gives the case of "coercion" completely away.

But, says our contemporary, "The dispute arises over the attempt of the Dominion Government to stretch the Privy Council's judgment into a mandate, when in point of fact it only granted a permission." Here our contemporary, if it will permit us to say so, becomes confused and mixes things up. The Privy Council's decision had not, necessarily, anything to do with the case. The Federal Government could have proceeded in the case and acted precisely as it has done without applying to the Privy Council at all. It has, as the Times properly admits, full power to deal with the appeal.

There are, or perhaps it would be more correct to say there were, two ways of regarding the decision of the Privy Council. It was looked upon by some as a mandate; others regarded it merely as a legal opinion. This was Mr. McCarthy's view, and we are quite willing to assume, for the sake of argument, that in this Mr. McCarthy was right. All, then, that the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council did was to give the Dominion Government legal advice. They acted upon that advice. They had power to do so, and they are responsible to Parliament and the people of Canada for what they have done. The decision of the Privy Council has now nothing whatever to do with the dispute. The Dominion Government has from the first acted on the authority with which it is invested by the Constitution. According to the admission which the Times itself makes, the Dominion Government and the Dominion Parliament have ample power to deal with the appeal from first to last. When our contemporary thinks a little more over the subject it will see that the dispute is not about the interpretation of the Privy Council's judgment, but about the obligation of Manitoba to carry out in good faith the terms of confederation. When it gets more light it will become convinced that there is no coercion in the matter, no invasion of provincial rights, nothing in fact for either Manitoba or the Times to howl about.

A GOOD INTERVIEW.

We have received a copy of The Citizen of the 28th December, a financial paper published in London. It contains a long interview with the Hon. F. G. Vernon, Agent-General for British Columbia. The subject of the interview was British Columbia and its Resources. It is illustrated by a very good portrait of Mr. Vernon. The interview is just what anyone who knows Mr. Vernon would expect. It is a clear and comprehensive account of the resources, the capabilities, the progress, the prospects and the present condition of this province.

He is moderate in all his statements, and is rather within the truth than beyond it. With most of the facts contained in the interview most of our readers are familiar; but there is one subject on which the Agent-General was questioned which has not been much discussed in British Columbia.

"Has the confederation of the Empire," asked the Citizen's special commissioner, "ever taken hold of those in Canada with whom you may have been brought in contact?"

"It has been discussed at times, and a branch of the Confederation League was at one time started in British Columbia; but, though a good deal of interest was exhibited, no practical results followed. We are quite sensible of the tremendous difficulties that surround its accomplishment, and would enthusiastically welcome a practical solution. At least I am sure that is the way British Columbians would feel, though I can't say I have any authority for saying so. My own idea is that such a confederation can only be accomplished gradually. It seems to me that Canada is in advance of other colonies, i.e., politically, for, with the exception of Newfoundland, the provinces have merged themselves into a common confederation, at the same time not parting with their individuality or their absolute control of matters which affect their immediate provincial interests and self-government. It is also the nearest colony to England. There are other matters, too, which I think are worthy of consideration, though perhaps I am presumptuous in saying so. Why could not some arrangements be made under which Canadian sailors should be allowed to serve in the British navy? To have an Imperial confederation we must have it supported and protected by Imperial forces. A very small step has been taken in this direction in the way of allowing a certain number of cadets who have passed the required examination from the Military College at Kingston, Canada, to obtain commissions in the English service. And in this connection, as well as in others, we cannot but all hail with delight and feelings of pleasure and pride the broad views, the statesmanlike efforts that are being made by the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain in the interests of our Colonial Empire since his advent to the onerous and responsible position he now occupies as Secretary of State for the Colonies. Already he has shown his anxiety to bring the colonies more in touch with the mother country, and the colonies I know are deeply grateful. Still much remains to be done, and, though many suggestions seem easy of accomplishment, they bristle with difficulties when they are attempted to be carried out. It would, however, be pleasant to see a training-ship at Halifax and another at Esquimalt, from which young Canadians could be drafted into the Imperial navy. You may be sure they would give a very good account of themselves. With a confederated British North America, quick through transportation from England to the Orient under the British flag, an Atlantic and Pacific cable under British control, and a direct representation of Canadians in the Imperial military and naval services, possibly some practical scheme of Imperial confederation and fiscal union between Canada and Great Britain might be evolved. Later on, as experience was gained, and other countries became ripe for confederating, they would doubtless go in for mutual protection and advancement. However, I am afraid I have wandered away from the subject that brought you to my office today."

GREATLY MISTAKEN.

Rev. Father Caraher lately addressed a San Francisco audience on "Calumnies Against Catholics." A full report of his speech is to be found in the San Francisco Examiner of the 22nd inst. Leaving religion and religionists for a while he became patriotic, after the manner of a certain and not a very high class of American patriots. Canada and Canadians were the objects of his denunciations. "Canada," said the reverend gentleman, "is our most dangerous enemy to-day. And I say with millions of loyal American citizens that the sooner we annex her to this country the better. In her present relation as she now stands, Canada will be almost a hatcher of conspiracy against our democratic form of government. She will be England's strongest fortress in time of war, and she will always be a coaling station for Orangemen who come over from Ireland to strike a blow at this free and glorious republic."

What connection there is between calumnies against Catholics and the annexation of Canada to the United States is rather difficult for newspaper readers of ordinary discernment to see; and it will be news to a great many to hear that when Orangemen come over from Ireland to strike a blow at the free and glorious republic they will need coaling stations in Canada—to get up steam, or to keep it up, it is to be presumed.

"There is no country in the world today," the reverend patriot goes on to say, "where the starry banner is more dishonored and insulted than it is in Canada. And no people in the world to-day hate loyal American citizens more than a certain section of Canadians. That fair flag which is the emblem of universal liberty was foully insulted upon the streets of Victoria, Vancouver Island, by ruffianly Orangemen and A. P. A.'s or P. P. A.'s who are the same thing."

Father Caraher, it is evident, never lived in Canada or never paid Canada a visit of any length, for if he had he would have known that Canadians do not hate American citizens, and are not in the habit of insulting the American flag. If the American flag was foully dishonored and foully insulted in Victoria the bad and stupid act must have been done secretly. We do not remember of having heard of such a thing being done in this city. It is true that indignity has been offered the American flag in one or two Canadian cities, as the British flag has been insulted in United States cities, but inquiry has almost invariably proved that the offenders were low fellows wholly or partially drunk, and in every case the act was condemned and denounced by the great majority of their fellow citizens. There are fools and fanatics in every country, but every reasonable man knows that the community in which they are nuisances is not to be held responsible for their foolish or their wicked acts.

What Father Caraher said of the way in which the people of Canada regard the citizens of the United States is not true. But even if it were true a minister of religion should not make it his business to aggravate any bad feeling that may exist between neighbors. It was the peacemakers that his Master declared blessed, not the sowers of strife or the breeders of dissension.

ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN

PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT
Family Medicine of the Age.
Taken Internally, It Cures
Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, etc., etc.
Used Externally, It Cures
Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tennessee Organ.*

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport News.*

Beware of Imitations. Buy only the genuine "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere; large bottles, 25c.

MONEY to loan for clients on Victoria business property; $10,000 at 6 per cent., also for The Dominion Building and Loan Association, in sums to suit borrowers, repayable by easy monthly payments for 5 to 12 years. A. W. More & Co., Mortgage Brokers, 70 Douglas st.

DR. J. HALL,
HOMŒOPATHIST,
Has removed his office to Norwood, Oak Bay Avenue, where he resides. Hours the same as usual, 2 to 5 p.m., and in the evenings of Tuesday and Friday from 7:30 to 9 o'clock. Sundays and holidays excepted. no1-1mo

WANTED.
To Purchase A Second-Hand Engine,
Suitable for a pile-driver. Apply, giving particulars and price desired, etc.,
W.V.R.,
ja28-3t P.O. Box S.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold en bloc by public auction, at my salerooms, Bastion Square, on

Tuesday, February 11, 1896

At the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the property known as that belonging to the

Matsqui Land Company Ltd.,

Comprising 141 plots of nearly 40 acres each of the richest farming land, aggregating

5524 77/100

Acres, located at Matsqui, on the Fraser River, immediately opposite Mission City, in the District of New Westminster.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS will be made known at time of sale.

Maps containing full particulars can be had after the 19th, at the office of Messrs. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, Solicitors, or from
JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT AUCTION
OF DESIRABLE
Household Furniture and Effects
under a chattel mortgage and distress for rent,
At Our Salerooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street,
THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, AT 2 P.M.

Including six hardwood bedroom suites, box, woven wire and wool top mattresses, dining tables, chairs, Brussels, tapestry and wool carpets and squares, mats, rugs, matting, wicker chairs, upholstered easy chairs and rockers, lounges, easels, pictures, hanging lamps, curtains, crockery, blinds, etc. Also 3 sewing machines (one suitable for shoemaker or saddler), large number of valuable flowering plants.
W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y
The Leading Auctioneers of British Columbia,
Are prepared to arrange Auction Sales in any part of the Province.
Furnished Houses Bought for Cash
Money Loaned. Storage to Let.
THE CHEAPEST RESIDENCE IN THE CITY FOR SALE.

MEN'S OVERCOATS

$20.00	Reduced to	$15.00
18.00	"	13.50
16.00	"	12.00
14.00	"	10.50
12.00	"	9.00
10.00	"	7.50

S. REID
122 GOVERNMENT ST.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Tissue Papers
JUST RECEIVED.
A Full Assortment of Typewriting Supplies Always on Hand.
Don't fail to call and see the newest thing in Typewriting Machines,
THE CALIGRAPH No. 4.
T. N. HIBBEN & CO.
AGENTS.

VICTORIA COLLEGE OF MUSIC.
Principal—Mr. Leo Bradley, F.V.C.M., assisted by other teachers. Pupils received for lessons in piano, singing, violin and 'cello and theory, privately or in class. Candidates prepared for the examinations for certificates in connection with Victoria College of Music, London. Address 6 Douglas street. ja5-1m

PRIVATE School, 111 Fisguard street, for bookkeeping, arithmetic, mathematics, and other subjects. Special attention given to cases of neglected education. Jas. Kaye, Principal. ja9-1m

HOME FOR LADIES during confinement or any sickness of non-infectious nature, 55 Kane street, near Blanchard. The nurses are thoroughly experienced, and the lady principal holds numerous diplomas and testimonials, including a first-class certificate from Queen Charlotte Hospital, London, England. oc5 3m

We Remain.
In consequence of a disagreement in regard to the lease of the premises we intended to occupy, we have decided to remain in our old store, 88 Yates Street. Having purchased a very large stock of goods for spring, we shall be compelled to continue our sale so that we may have room for them.
T. Haughton & Co.
No. 88 Yates Street.

ALEXANDRA CREAM SEPARATORS,
SPRAY PUMPS,
PLOWS, HARROWS, SEED DRILLS,
FARM AND SPRING WAGONS,
BUGGIES AND CARTS,
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL,
MILL AND MINING SUPPLIES.
LOGGERS' SUPPLIES,
FOR SALE BY
E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD.
Victoria, Vancouver and Kamloops.

10,000 PAPER NOVELS
—AT—
10 CENTS EACH.
We are selling off over 10,000 Paper Novels, varying in price up to 75 cents each, **at 10 Cents per Volume.** We want to make room for a complete new line of the newer editions which we have ordered and expect to reach us in about two weeks. Above price will last until new Books arrive, or until they are sold out.
Jamieson {Books and Stationery, 61 Government Street.

HEAVY STEEL PLATE Range... For... Coal or Wood.

Made in various styles from the ordinary family to the largest hotel size.
Are constructed in the most substantial manner and after the most approved patterns.
ARE STRICTLY UP TO DATE IN EVERY PARTICULAR.
It will pay you to investigate the good points of these ranges before purchasing others.
The McClary Mfg. Co. LONDON, MONTREAL, TORONTO, WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER.
If your local dealer does not handle our goods, write our nearest house.

WOOD
COAL
COKE
BARK
FOR SALE of the best quality at current rates. Yards corner Government and Discovery streets, or Spratt's Wharf. Steam wood-sawing done in any part of the city. Stove wood for sale, cut to lengths to suit. Telephone No. 40.
A. C. HOWE.

GRAND TEETH
Can now be had for very little money Having made more improvements in the manufacture of my improved artificial Sets of Teeth, I now place them before the public at a price that nobody need wear the old style rubber plates. I first introduced them ten years ago, and whoever wears them pronounces them the best that can be made, as they are like Natural Teeth. I guarantee satisfaction of all Dental Operations, as to price and workmanship, having 20 years' experience.
DR. HARTMAN, 73½ GOVERNMENT ST.
Teeth extracted for the poor Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 4 p.m., free of charge. de10

WALTHAM WATCHES FOR $7.00
In solid silver cases, guaranteed for 5 years.
S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ YATES STREET,
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

Victoria Building Society.
The Eighth Annual General Meeting of the above Society will be held at the Pioneer Hall, Broad street, on Friday, the 31st day of January, 1896, to receive the Secretary's report and balance sheet, election of Officers and Board of Management, together with the 49th drawing for an appropriation, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
See that your shares are in good standing.
By order.
A. ST. G. FLINT,
je26-td Secretary.

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS.

About 400 Men's and Boys' Suits and
250 Men's Pants Marked Down Much Below Cost.

JUST RECEIVED—NEW STOCK OF GENUINE MACINTOSHES, CHRISTY'S HATS, WOOL UNDERWEAR, DRESS SHIRTS, DENT'S GLOVES, NECKWEAR, ETC.

W. & J. WILSON, *General Outfitters, Opposite Post Office, Government Street.*

200 BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS

Reduced to **$1.45** To Clear.

ALL SIZES. FROM 22 to 32.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS, 97 JOHNSON STREET.

When You Discover

a human being who by any combination of circumstances can make us play second fiddle to the tune of prices on Dry Goods and let them lead, you can hang out your sign as a genius beside whose discovery Edison's are distanced. Our magnificent Fall Season's Stock was prepared for this clearance. Forehandedness is the price of Economy, and the Sale so magnificently begun last week is the fruit of weeks of planning. It is folly for the shopper to attempt to buy materials of same grade for the money. **And there is no Trash,** nor a drowsy corner in the store.

No Dull Times Here! No waiting for business, but always making it.

See our 28 inch Black Ground Fast Color Prints at 6¼c., worth 12½c., which will be on sale on Monday.

The Westside.

J. Hutcheson & Co. 21st January, 1896.

AUCTION SALES.

Jan. 30—Furniture, etc. W. T. Hardaker.
Feb. 11—Farming Lands. Joshua Davies.

THE CITY.

See M. McCahill, Spratt's Wharf, before purchasing your hay elsewhere. x

A MEETING of the Council of the British Columbia Board of Trade will be held this morning at 10 o'clock.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Agenorian Society is called for this afternoon at the residence of Mr. R. H. Hall.

A consignment of choice timothy hay just arrived. For figures and particulars consult M. McCahill, Spratt's Wharf. x

THE social and dance to be held in Daughters of England hall, View street, Thursday January 30th, is not under the auspices of the Daughters of England.—B.S.

COPIES of the municipal reports for last year are now ready for the ratepayers, who may obtain them on calling either at the city clerk's office or at the public library.

AN application by the owner in connection with the license for the Garrick Head saloon will be taken into consideration by the licensing commissioners at a special session to-morrow.

H.I.M.S. Christoforo Colombo, after a very pleasant visit to Vancouver, is expected to reach Esquimalt this evening, there to remain a week or ten days, during which the officers will both entertain and be entertained.

REV. W. LESLIE CLAY officiated yesterday at the funeral of the late Mrs. James Wilson, wife of the city street inspector, services being held at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church and the interment taking place at Rock Bay cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. J. R. Carmichael, Edwin C. Smith, Moses McGregor, George Bishop, J. G. Brown and J. Bell.

EARLY this spring the well known Chemainus saw mill, which has been closed for about three years, will be in running order again. At least such was the decision reached at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Victoria L. & M. Co. held a few days ago. The shareholders are hopeful of developing a good foreign trade, and it is in view of this only that they propose reopening the mill.

ANOTHER telegram in reference to the Menzenmeyer case was received from Sheriff Calvin B. White by Chief Sheppard yesterday, the Oakland official again giving the information that extradition papers are being prepared as quickly as possible. To this Chief Sheppard replied that an officer with the warrant was required more than the papers referred to, Menzenmeyer having decided to waive the formality of extradition, and requesting that man and papers be sent to Victoria at once.

THE third annual football match between the representatives of England and of Scotland will be played at Caledonia Park on Saturday afternoon next, the Scots playing in dark blue, under the captaincy of J. Dakers, and the English in white, under A. T. Goward. Scotland has at present slightly the better of the struggle, the '93 match having ended in a draw and England having last year met with defeat. Both teams for the Saturday engagement are strong, for though Dakers will number among his men the greater portion of the Wanderers' eleven, Goward has secured the services of several of the best Association players in the province to do battle for the Rose.

JOSEPH HOGUE, who on Friday afternoon snatched a hand-purse from Mrs. Palmer as that lady was walking on Government street, has come to the conclusion that the administration of justice is in this part of the world attended to with neatness and despatch. Hogue was arrested ten minutes after the theft; the following morning he was committed for trial by the Police Magistrate; and yesterday Chief Justice Davie, presiding in the Speedy Trials Court, sentenced him to one year's imprisonment at hard labor. Robert Irvine, of View street, also took advantage of the Speedy Trials act, and on being brought before the Chief Justice pleaded guilty to having stabbed his wife with a carving knife; sentence was reserved until this morning. Lim Sing and Lim Hong, charged with assault and highway robbery, also elected for speedy trial, and the hearing of their case was set for Tuesday next.

THE late Mr. M. R. Smith, whose funeral was reported in the COLONIST of yesterday, was noteworthy for his liberality and charity, being accustomed to contribute towards the maintenance of all the benevolent institutions in the city. Moreover, he was never known to turn the hungry from his door without in some way relieving their necessities. The attendance at the funeral demonstrated how highly the deceased was esteemed by those among whom he had lived for upwards of forty years. His coffin was buried with flowers of which, among others, the following were the contributors: The employes of the firm of which Mr. Smith was the head—a wax flower wreath in glass case; the employes of Messrs. Simon Leiser & Co., wreath and cross; Mrs. J. Heyward, Mrs. R. Finlayson, Mr. J. W. and the Misses Tolmie, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Pemberton, Dr. and Mrs. Powell, Dr. and Mrs. Milne, Mr. and Mrs. W. Chudley, Capt. and Mrs. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Gus. Leiser, Mr. and Mrs. I. Braverman, Mr. and Mrs. Hiscocks, Mr. and Mrs. W. Jenson, Mr. and Mrs. Dobbins, Mr. F. Hall, Miss Charters, Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair, Miss Hall, and many others—flowers and wreaths.

I TAKE this method of tendering my sincere thanks to Victoria Camp, No. 52, Canadian Order W.O.W., for the payment of three thousand dollars on the policy of my late husband G. H. Sampson. Mrs. G. H. Sampson.

A NOVEL function is arranged for tomorrow afternoon in the Reformed Episcopal schoolroom, the entertainment being announced as a d'oyley tea. Each lady will be presented with one of these dainty little souvenirs, with tea and cake—and all for ten cents.

A SPECIAL general meeting of the Victoria Wheelmen's Club is to be held this evening at the Central cycling academy, corner of Pandora street and Broad. The meeting is for the purpose of closing up the business of last year, and to pave the way for the re-organization of the club upon a new and more business-like basis.

LOVERS of quoits will learn with pleasure that a competition has been arranged, as an outcome of the recently issued challenge, to take place on Saturday afternoon next at the Cliff house, of course providing always that the weather permits. A suitable trophy will be presented to the winning team, and all intending competitors may obtain information concerning the match on application to H. Berryman, at the Mirror saloon.

PRESIDENT B. W. Pearse, of the British Columbia Benevolent Society, yesterday appointed his relief committees for the current year as follows: January, May, and September—J. F. Fell, Capt. J. D. Warren and Charles Hayward; February, June and October—Dixi H. Ross, Thomas J. Burnes and H. Bostock; March, July and November—Gustav Leiser, A. C. Flumerfelt and Walter Walker; and April, August and December—Beaumont Boggs, J. B. Lovell and F. B. Pemberton.

IT is probable that before long salt wells will be in operation on Salt Spring island. Some three or four weeks ago an examination of the island was made by a California prospector named Bailey, who found indications so favorable that he at once returned home for a drill and other appliances to work the properties. Just when he proposes to start operations is not known, but it is understood to be early in the spring. The name Salt Spring island is derived from the fact that the place abounds in springs throwing out sparkling streams of so salt a nature that the water cannot be drunk.

THE charming comedienne, Katie Putnam, is, in addition to her cleverness as an actress, a skilled artist with brush and canvas. Her home at Benton Harbor, Mich., contains many valuable works from her brush, and it is her delight to surprise some friend on birthday or holiday occasions with some charming conceit in oil or pastel. Her latest play, "The Old Lime Kiln," has for its locale the wonderful region known as the Yellowstone National Park. Its scenery depicts many famous points and places in the park, and the sketches for the scenery were all made by Miss Putnam herself, who visited the park last summer to familiarize herself with its topography and scenery. Mr. St. John Lewis, the well-known scenic artist of the Columbia theatre, Chicago, who built and painted the scenery, says the sketches were among the best ever furnished him. The production of this play at The Victoria to-morrow evening by Miss Putnam and her company will be a welcome event.

A MEETING of those interested in securing the erection of a memorial to the late Bishop Hills, for so long the head of the Church of England in this diocese, was held in the Cathedral schoolroom last evening. Bishop Perrin presided, and spoke heartily in favor of the project, while addresses were also delivered by Sir Henry Crease, Canon Beanlands, Hon. P. O'Reilly, Mr. T. R. Smith and Mr. Wm. Ward, all testifying to the great esteem in which Bishop Hills was held in this community and agreeing that a suitable memorial should be erected. Opinions differed as to the shape this should take, and in the general discussion a reredos at the Cathedral, a pulpit, and a mortuary chapel at the cemetery were in turn favorably mentioned. Finally a committee was appointed to suggest the most suitable memorial, and report to another meeting to be held on February 11. This consists of Bishop Perrin, Canon Beanlands, Canon Paddon, Rev. C. E. Sharp, Hon. P. O'Reilly, Mr. T. R. Smith and Mr. Wm. Ward.

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THE HOSPITAL BOARD.

Debts Accruing With Insufficient Means to Meet Them—What's to Be Done?

"La Maison de Sante" to Be Taken Over for a Women's Home.

At last night's regular monthly meeting of the Jubilee hospital board there were present President Joshua Davies in the chair, Messrs. J. Stuart Yates, W. M. Chudley, J. L. Crimp, I. Braverman, H. Dallas Helmcken, Charles Hayward, W. J. Dwyer, and F. B. Pemberton. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been adopted and before regular routine work was proceeded with, Mr. H. Dallas Helmcken read a letter from a Mr. Berridge, late of Winnipeg, asking that his son (a three-year student) might enter the hospital. Mr. Helmcken suggested that the matter be referred to a special committee. The Chairman appointed the committee: Messrs. Hayward, Helmcken and Wilson being placed on it.

Only two communications were submitted, one from Mrs. Walkem, stating that it was her intention to take charge of the Maison de Sante for the women's home on February 1. This action was favored by the board.

The pay list for January, amounting to $565.25, was passed and ordered to be paid.

The Chairman drew attention to the inactivity and general apathy of the visiting committees, whose members were apt to forget or neglect their duty. He thought that it would be better were this constituted a standing committee.

Mr. Crimp, a committee man, stated that he had visited the hospital twice during the past month and had found nothing wanting except a few trifling things. The medical man in charge informed him that he would see the chairman.

Mr. Alex. Wilson said that if members of committees did not perform their duty it was their own fault. He did not believe in taking away the power of the board and placing it in the hands of a few of its members. All that was required to straighten out the present financial difficulties of the board was a little more money to pay bills.

Mr. Brown agreed with the chairman. He thought after the confused way in which the last general accounts had been submitted to the board that a financial standing committee, at least, should be appointed.

Mr. Yates believed in the appointment of a committee of ways and means, and thought the city should pay $8,000 annually to the hospital instead of $5,000 as now. The extra demand upon the city could be met by the saving which would be effected by combining the isolation hospital with the main institution. Mr. Yates drew the attention of the board to the complaint of the Medical Association against the manner in which paying patients were taken out of their care when sent to the hospital.

After further discussion Mr. Hayward said he thought his views were pretty well known, they being quite in accord with those of the chair. He spoke of the way in which the board was going behind financially. It was time to do something now. At present it was rather disagreeable to be a member of the board in view of the pressing financial demands. An estimate of the running expenses of the hospital should be possessed by the board and abided by.

Mr. Dwyer was in favor of standing committees, and would like to see all bills paid at the end of each year. Tenders for contracts, now offered by the board, were naturally high, for the tenderer always calculated on the length of time he had to wait for his pay. Mr. Dwyer spoke of the annoyance of having creditors dun members of the board.

Mr. Chudley read a financial statement of the hospital, after which a general discussion as to the board's assets and liabilities followed. Finally the following motion, offered by J. S. Yates and seconded by Mr. Brown, was adopted: "That a committee be appointed to consider the ways and means of defraying the expenses of the hospital for the year 1896 and report back to this board, said committee to consist of Messrs. Hayward, Crimp, Dwyer, Helmcken and Wilson.

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A GRAND charity entertainment in behalf of the hospitals is to be given in Fairall's hall, Victoria West, next Thursday evening, under the patronage of Lieut.-Col. Rawstorne and his officers. The programme will be furnished chiefly by the members of the Royal Marine Artillery and Royal Engineers.

THE Pacific Social Club last evening elected C. K. Courtney as president, and his associate officers as follows: C. C. McMicking, vice-president; W. Wallace, secretary-treasurer; and managing committee, these officers with E. and W. Stephens and P. Henry. The club will give their first dance in the near future at the club rooms, 110 Government street.

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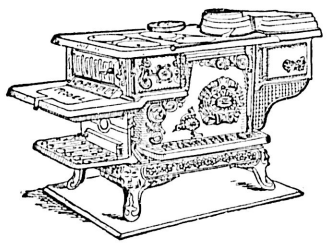

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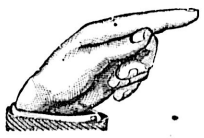

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THE SONGHEES INDIANS.

Details of the Proposition for Their Removal From Victoria City to Metchosin.

The Province Claims the Reserve, But Offers to Convey the New Location in Trust.

The following minute of the provincial executive council, read in the legislature yesterday, shows the basis upon which it is desired to secure the removal of the Songhees Indians from the reserve in this city. The Dominion government do not wish to act upon this suggestion until the ownership of the Indian lands is determined by the courts:

VICTORIA, 8th March, 1895.

On a memorandum dated the 4th day of February, 1895, from the Hon. the Provincial Secretary reporting on the advisability of coming to some understanding with the tribe of Songhees Indians who are settled on a reserve in the heart of the city of Victoria with a view to removing them from the temptations and demoralizing influences of a large city to a more appropriate location, and at the same time to place the land upon which they now reside at the disposal of the Provincial government in order that it may be more suitably occupied, states as follows:

The said tribe of Indians were settled upon the land in question at the time of the occupation of the country by the Hudson's Bay Company. The only agreement they have to show, which entitled them to the use of the land, is one made between the Kosampson tribe and the Hudson's Bay Co., as follows:

[The agreement, given in full, is dated 30th April, 1850, and surrenders to the H. B. Co. the lands therein mentioned, upon this condition: "The condition of our understanding of this sale is this, that our village sites and enclosed fields are to be kept for our own use, for the use of our children and those who may follow after us; and the land shall be properly surveyed thereafter."]

It will be observed that this agreement surrenders "entirely and forever * * * the whole of the lands," etc., etc., and it afterwards recites the condition that certain portions, including the present Songhees reserve in the city of Victoria, shall "be kept for our own use, for the use of our children and for those who may follow after us." No fee simple of the land is given; it is merely reserved for the use of the said Indians.

By the 13th article of the Terms of Union between the Province of British Columbia and the Dominion of Canada, it states "the trusteeship and the management of the lands reserved for their (the Indians') use and benefit shall be assumed by the Dominion government. "Sub-section 5 of section 29 of the British North America act gives to the Province of British Columbia the management and sale of public lands belonging to the Province.

Therefore as the fee simple of the Songhees reserve is vested in the Province of British Columbia through the crown and the said reserve of land is conveyed to the Dominion of Canada in trust for the use of the said Indians, it follows that, if the Province can come to an agreement with the said Indians, that they shall remove to another tract of land which would be conveyed by the Province to the Dominion in trust for the said Indians, and that if the Dominion shall then release the present Songhees reserve to the Province of British Columbia, the whole of the disadvantages and inconvenience of the present location of the Songhees reserve in the heart of the city of Victoria will be removed to the satisfaction of all parties. From information received by the Provincial government it is anticipated that the Songhees Indians would be willing to treat for terms of their removal to another location on the following basis:

1. The obtaining of 949 acres, more or less, in Metchosin district, sections 52, 53, 60, 61, 62, 66 and part of 59 and 63, two hundred (200) acres of which is or has been under cultivation, together with buildings, barns, etc., also about 80 acres of section 63, giving an excellent frontage on Beecher bay, well sheltered and which abuts on a favorite fishing ground of Indians between Victoria and the West Coast, and is distant by road from Victoria eighteen or twenty miles and by water ten miles.

2. That all improvements of each Indian of full age, or widow of Indian on the Songhees reserve, be valued on a fixed date by three persons representing the federal government, the local government and the Indians.

3. That three-fifths of the value of the improvements be paid on a fixed date, after valuation and removal, in cash, the remaining two-fifths to be laid out in purchasing lumber and delivering on the reserve free of cost.

4. That after improvements have been valued and certified to by the Indians in writing, or in the event of an absentee by his two "tillicums," he, she or they be allowed to remove from off said reserve that portion of said improvements they may require, but said removal must be within ninety days from the date of the payment of the said three-fifths.

5. That the funds receivable as rents and now to the credit of said reserve Indians (approximating to $11,000) bearing interest, be utilized in purchasing live stock, implements, erection of school for new reserve, etc.

6. That in two or three known cases of Songhees Indians who have shown thrift by steady labor at a trade in the city, a suitable lot or more should be obtained for each of them in the neighborhood of Rock Bay on which they could build, the Dominion government undertaking to pay the taxes.

7. That provision shall be made for the removal of the Indian dead from the present reserve.

It is proposed that a formal meeting of the executive council together with the chief and headsmen of the Songhees Indians, and the Superintendent of Indian Affairs, on the part of the Dominion government, be held at an early date for the purpose of discussing the terms of removal on the aforesaid basis, or for any other suitable location which may be thought advisable and coming to a decision thereon.

The Provincial government to bear the whole expense attendant on the removal of the said Indians with the exception of the taxes named in section 6 of the proposed agreement.

The committee of council concur with the statements contained in this memorandum and advise that it be adopted as the expression of the views of the government as to the best method of effecting a settlement of this important question which so materially affects the interests of the city of Victoria.

The committee further advise that a copy of this minute, if approved, be forwarded to the Hon. the Secretary of State, and to the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

Continued from page Three.

instructions they had received, and according to the opinions that the governments of those colonies held and maintained, the resolution would have been carried. I don't hesitate to say that if Canada does justice to herself and sends to the congress to be held next June, such a representation as she ought to send, and charged to uphold this policy, I have no doubt that the resolution will be handsomely carried." Sir Charles then spoke of the Intercolonial Conference that was held at Ottawa in June, 1894, and, having read the resolutions passed thereat, he said: "These are the instructions that I trust the boards of trade, irrespective of party complexion, will give to their delegates from one end of this wide Dominion to the other to pass at the great congress of the chambers of commerce of the Empire to be held in June next. If they do, I have no hesitation in saying that I believe that policy will be triumphantly adopted, and the effect upon the public mind and upon the government of England will be one of which you will have no reason to complain. The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain has taken up, with great zeal and his accustomed ability, the question of how best to promote trade between the United Kingdom and the outlying portions of the Empire. A despatch has been sent to all the colonies inviting them to give suggestions and to point out how best to promote

CLOSER COMMERCIAL INTERCOURSE

between the colonies and the mother country; but I believe that Mr. Chamberlain will search long and far before he will find any means half so effective to accomplish the thing he has in view as the adoption of the principle placed on record by the Intercolonial Conference." Some people, said Sir Charles, had the folly to argue that England's foreign trade was so much, and that her trade with her own possessions was so much smaller. He, however, believed that if preferential trade were adopted, the figures would be relatively changed. Because England adopted a policy favoring her own colonies, dependencies and possessions, that was no reason why foreign countries could, for a moment, have the slightest ground of complaint. But even a duty of 10 per cent. in favor of the colonies was objected to by some people on the ground that it would be an abandonment of the English principle of free trade. In reply to this, Sir Charles pointed out that Great Britain now raises £20,000,000 of customs taxation, and quoted a letter in which Lord Salisbury stated his opinion that preferential duties in favor of the colonies could not properly be described under the term protection. Sir Charles went on to discuss the subject of the

BELGIAN AND GERMAN TREATY

arrangements and continued "if England says to Germany and Belgium, we are simply anxious to eliminate this colonial cause that prevents our having the same opportunity of treating British colonists in our own dependencies in the same way that every other country treats, with more favorable consideration, its colonists, and, if you will consent to that modification, we will leave the remainder of the treaty as it is. The interests that Belgium and Germany have in the other portions of the treaty are so great that I believe that firm action on the part of Her Majesty's government would have great effect, and that the difficulties in the way of preferential trade between Great Britain and her colonies would be removed."

He continued to speak of the growth of the sentiment in favor of preferential trade and concluded a masterly speech as follows: "The importance of England depending for fruit and meat on importations from abroad, and the importance of her having half a continent here, within five days sail, and easily protected by her fleet, being able to furnish at an early date all the products that England would require, is a thought brought out in the Saturday Review, and it is one which is going to carry to the minds of the English in a way that nothing else can, the vital importance of uniting the Mother Country and her colonies, and of her looking to the development of the outlying portions of her Empire in order to maintain that dominating position we are all so proud to know that she possesses to-day, and which, I believe, wise arrangements in connection with her imperial possessions will enable her to occupy in a grander and more important degree in the future." (Loud applause.)

AMONG the gentlemen who are to deliver special addresses at the annual meeting of the Fruit Growers' Association, to be held at Westminster on Thursday next, are Messrs. M. Baker, R. M. Palmer and A. Ohlsen, of this city. Mr. Baker will give valuable advice as to the packing of fruits for shipment and marketing; Mr. Palmer will discuss insect pests and fungus diseases, with their remedies; and Mr. Ohlsen will offer some practical suggestions as to buying trees. The latter subject will also be discussed by Messrs. G. Hadwen, of Duncan, and E. Hutcherson, of Ladners, while reports will be received from the exhibition, transportation and co-operation committees; Messrs. T. A. Sharpe, of Agassiz, and T. Wilson, of Vernon, will speak upon experimental work; Mr. H. Kipp, of Chilliwack, will discuss the art of packing; and the president of the association, Mr. G. W. Henry, of Hatzic, will deliver his annual address. It is expected that the business of the meeting will be disposed of in the one day, forenoon, afternoon and evening sessions being held.

"Five years ago," says Anga A. Lewis, Ricard, N.Y., "I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and had been given up by my physicians. I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after using two bottles was completely cured."

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Second Session of the Seventh Parliament.

THIRD DAY.

TUESDAY, Jan. 28, 1896.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 p.m. Prayers by Rev. C. M. Tait.

Petitions were presented, from the Consolidated Railway and Lighting Co., by Mr. Helmcken, and from the Lillooet, Fraser River & Cariboo Gold Fields Co., by Mr. Rogers.

ADDRESS IN REPLY.

MR. SWORD resumed the debate on the address in reply to the Lieutenant-Governor's speech. He disputed the statement in the speech that the terms of the last loan show an improvement in the credit of the province, and made computations based upon the price of former loans in support of his contention.

The address was then read from the chair and agreed to.

SONGHEES INDIAN RESERVE.

MR. HELMCKEN moved: "Whereas resolutions have at various times been passed by the legislature of the Province of British Columbia in parliament assembled, urging upon the Dominion government the desirability of obtaining the removal of the Songhees tribe of Indians from the reserve to some suitable locality; and whereas it is highly desirable that effective steps be taken to accomplish the object aforesaid: Be it resolved, That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor to request the Dominion government's consent to refer the question of removal and settlement to a special commission consisting of three commissioners, one to be appointed by the Dominion government, one to be appointed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and the two so appointed to agree upon a third, and in the event of the two so appointed being unable to agree upon the third, some member of the Supreme Court of British Columbia shall be the third commissioner."

MR. SEMLIN doubted the expediency of this step, because the Dominion government are the guardians of the Indians and would be more likely to take some action themselves without the appointment of a commission.

HON. MR. EBERTS explained that this matter was dealt with by an order-in-council passed on the 9th of March last, and forwarded to the Dominion government. Subsequently it was reported from Nanaimo that the Dominion government had granted to one Thomas Lee Jones a lease of certain rights on the Indian reserve there, and the Provincial government had protested against this as an invasion of Provincial rights. A case based upon this matter is now in course of preparation and will be submitted to the Supreme court at Ottawa for a decision. Until that decision is given the Dominion government will not do anything in the matter of the Songhees reserve. The point in dispute in the Nanaimo case is whether the Dominion government control the coal rights, etc., on Indian reserves, or whether these come under the sole jurisdiction of the Province.

MR. HUNTER did not see how the Songhees reserve matter would be affected by the decision to be given in the case of the Nanaimo coal rights. Whatever the proposed commissioners may do there is, it seemed to him, only one way to get the Indians off the reserve, and that is by their own consent. The only way to get this is to pay them.

DR. WALKEM favored the resolution.

HON. COL. BAKER took the view expressed by Mr. Hunter. He told of an interview he had had with Premier Bowell, at Ottawa last spring, when the Premier contended that the fee simple to the Indian lands is held by the Dominion government; whereas the position taken by the Provincial government is that the lands are held by the Dominion simply in trust for the Indians. The parties will have to go to the courts to decide where the fee simple actually rests. To show the position of affairs he read the latest orders-in-council at Victoria and at Ottawa.

MR. HELMCKEN reviewed the action he had taken in this matter last session, when from time to time he had questioned the government as to their intentions in the matter, and had been informed that negotiations were shortly to be opened with the Indians. He understood that the Indians are perfectly willing to remove if they can be placed in a favorable position elsewhere. He believed that there is available a property which will satisty the Songhees quite as well as the present reserve. What the city of Victoria demands is that the matter shall be promptly and boldly dealt with, and he felt that the reference to the Supreme court may be only a device to gain time. He wished instead of going to court to take the common sense middle course of having the commissioners appointed. Now that we have a representative of this province in the cabinet at Ottawa he thought we could not do better than place the matter in his hands after having passed this resolution.

HON. COL. BAKER said the request contained in the resolution has already been made in effect in the order in council and refused.

MR. RITHET heartily supported the resolution. The question, he pointed out, is one in which the citizens of Victoria have been very much interested for many years, and it is now quite time that it was settled. Even if this action will be repeating what has been done before, he thought that the house should go on repeating its action every year until something is accomplished.

MR. BOOTH thought that to accept the proposition would do more harm than good, as it would place the disposition of these lands in the hands of commissioners over whom the house would have no control, instead of leaving it with the provincial government who are controlled by the house.

HON. MR. POOLEY said that as a member for an adjoining district he was as anxious as anyone to have the Indians removed, as they are a great disadvantage to the neighborhood and their position results in injury to themselves. But he strongly objected to their removal if the Dominion government are to take to themselves the right to the fee simple of the lands. He held that the fee simple, when the lands cease to be used by the Indians, becomes the property of the Provincial government, though the Dominion government very positively assert the contrary. He suggested the withdrawal of the resolution.

MR. HELMCKEN inquired when was the Songhees case submitted to the court.

HON. MR. EBERTS replied that nothing with respect to the Songhees reserve has been submitted. After the dispute arose as to the coal rights in connection with the Nanaimo reserve, the Dominion government passed an order-in-council declaring that as the matter of the fee simple to the reserves generally will be decided in the coal case, nothing will be done in the Songhees matter until that decision is given.

MR. WILLIAMS recognized the importance of having the fee simple established before doing anything, as whichever government holds the fee must provide the other lands.

MR. KITCHEN told of reserves along the Fraser river held by Indians who would be better off if the lands were sold and the interest on the money thus derived were used for their benefit.

MR. ROGERS instanced reserves held idle in the Chilcotin valley greatly to its disadvantage. As evidence of the adaptability of that valley for settlement, he said that some of the young Indian women on the reserves there are the most beautiful he has ever seen.

MR. SMITH said there are in Lillooet district also unused reserves which should be acquired from the Indians.

MR. GRAHAM, as evidence of the willingness of the Indians to remove from one reserve to another, said that in his section a chief not long ago circulated a petition for the removal of his tribe.

MR. KELLIE remarked that there appears to be a disposition to put the Indians on the march in every part of the province, and he hoped they would have some more permanent rights in the happy hunting grounds of the future.

MR. KENNEDY reminded the house that there are white men also holding unoccupied land and keeping it from settlement.

The resolution was then carried on a show of hands.

REPLEVIN ACT.

MR. EBERTS moved the second reading of the bill to amend the replevin act. This gives the sheriff the right to enter and search premises when he has reasonable suspicion that goods which he wishes to recover are contained there, and also reduces the notice which he must give from 24 hours to 4 hours.

Bill read a second time, after discussion.

The house adjourned at 3:40 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Dr. Walkem—To introduce a bill to amend the county courts act.

Mr. Kellie—For a return showing the terms upon which the settlement of the railway land question between the Dominion and the Province was completed.

Mr. Helmcken—To introduce a bill to amend the "Dairy associations act, 1895."

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT.

Mr. Williams—What action if any has been taken by the government to ensure the appointment of a Supreme court judge resident at Vancouver? Also, does the government intend to take any action whereby the Supreme court judge to be appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Sir H. P. Pellew Crease shall be required to reside in the city of Vancouver?

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Is due to impure blood and cannot be cured with local applications. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured hundreds of cases of catarrh because it purifies the blood and in this way removes the cause of the disease. It also builds up the system and prevents attacks of pneumonia, diphtheria and typhoid fever.

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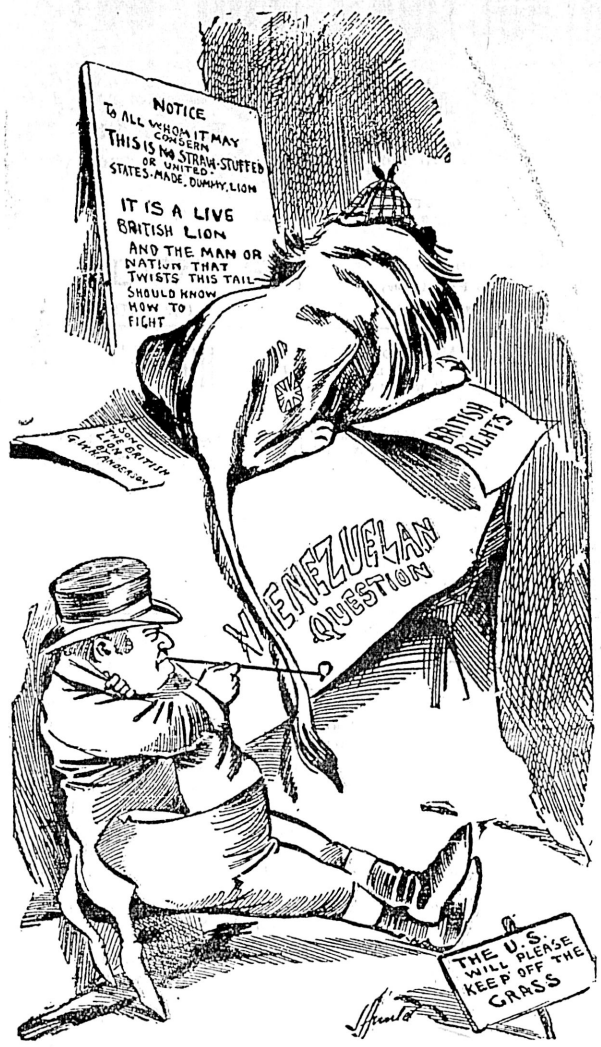

MR. BULL—I don't look like a hindividual as was contemplating a blooming foot race, do I?

DR. WOOD'S

Norway Pine Syrup.

Rich in the lung-healing virtues of the Pine combined with the soothing and expectorant properties of other pectoral herbs and barks.

A PERFECT CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Croup and all THROAT, BRONCHIAL and LUNG DISEASES. Obstinate coughs which resist other remedies yield promptly to this pleasant piny syrup.

PRICE 25C. AND 50C. PER BOTTLE.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early error or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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Beauty

is but skin deep, but it can be wonderfully preserved and enhanced by good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum is the great aid to digestion. Sold by Druggists and Confectioners, 5c. Refuse all Imitations.

For the return of one

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wrapper and 5c. in stamps, a set of eight paper dolls will be sent to you post paid. Or, if you send your name and address (write plainly), one will be sent to you

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Carpenter Work of all kinds.

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SS. RHOSINA—(3,800 tons dead weight)—Sails for Japan direct 22nd January; will be followed by the SS. Altmore.

Puget Sound & Central America SS. Co.

SS. TRANSIT—Sailing monthly for Central American ports.

For freight and particulars apply to
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Despatch a Steamer every five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 8 p.m.

City of Puebla, January 28.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

STEAMER

Mary Hare

Running in connection with the Victoria & Sidney Railway, will sail (weather permitting and business offering) as follows:

Mondays—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Cowichan, Vesuvius Bay and way ports, returning connects with evening train for Victoria.

Tuesdays—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor and way ports.

Wednesdays—Leave Ganges Harbor at 6 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.

Thursdays—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.

Fridays—Leave Nanaimo at 7 a.m. for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria. oc11

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y.

STEAMER

JOAN

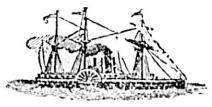
L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. ap25

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.



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"CITY OF KINGSTON"

Speed 18 knots. Tonnage 1147.

9:00 am	M	Lv*	Victoria	Ar	10	4:15 am
11:45 pm	38		Port Townsend		72	12:30 am
3:00 pm	82		Seattle		28	9:45 pm
4:45 pm	10	Ar	Tacoma	** Lv	M	7:30 pm

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points East and South.
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Arrives Victoria at 5 p.m. daily (except Sundays); returning leaves Victoria daily at 8:30 p.m. (except Saturdays). Fares

TO PORT TOWNSEND $1.50
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DRUMCLIFF

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will sail from London ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF FEBRUARY. For rates of freight and other particulars apply to
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From London for Victoria Direct.

A first-class sailing vessel will be despatched from London for this port during the month of February. Cargo may be engaged at favorable rates, on application to
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MATERNITY (late Samaritan Home), has moved into larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

A SET OF ROGUES

BY FRANK BARRETT.

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CHAPTER IX.

Up starts Jack Dawson, catching Molly by the arm and his joint stool by the leg, and stepping back a pace or two not to be taken in the flank he swings his stool ready to dash the brains out of the first that nears him, and I do likewise, making the same show of valor with my stool, but cutting a poor figure beside Dawson's mighty presence.

Seeing their fellow laid out for dead on the floor, with his hook nose smashed most horribly into his face, the others had no stomach to meet the same fate, but with their Spanish cunning began to spread out that so they might attack us on all sides, and surely this had done our business but that Don Lopez, flinging himself before us with his knife raised high, cries out at the top of his voice, "Rekbah!"—a word of their own language, I am told, taken from the Moorish, and signifying that whosoever shall outrage the laws of hospitality under his roof shall be his enemy to the death. And at this word every man stood still as if by enchantment and let fall his weapon. Then in the same high voice he gives them a harangue, showing them that Dawson was in the right to avenge an insult offered his daughter, and the other justly served for his offense to us. "For his offense to me as the host of these strangers," adds he, "Jose shall answer to me hereafter if he live. If he be dead, his body shall be flung to the vultures of the gorge, and his name be never uttered again beneath this roof."

"I bear no grudges, not I," says Dawson, when Don Sanchez gave him the English of this. "If he live, let his nose be set, and if dead let him be buried decently in a churchyard. But hark ye, senor, lest we fall out again and come out worse the next bout, do pray ask his worship if we may not be accommodated with a guide to take us on our way at once. We have yet two hours of daylight before us, there's not a cloud in the sky, and with such a moon as we had the night before last we may get on well enough."

Poor Moll, who was all of a shake with the terror of another catastrophe, added her prayers to Dawson's, and Don Sanchez, with a profusion of civilities, laid the proposal before Don Lopez, who, though professing the utmost regret to lose us so soon, consented to gratify our wish, adding that his mules were so well accustomed to the road that they could make the journey as well in the dark as in broad day.

"Well, then," says Dawson, when this was told us, "let us settle the business at once and be off."

And now, when Don Sanchez proposed to pay for the service of our guides, it was curious to see how every rascal at the table craned forward to watch the upshot. Don Lopez makes a pretense of leaving the payment to Don Sanchez's generosity, and he, not behindhand in courtesy, lugs out his purse and begs the other to pay himself, whereupon, with more apologies, Don Lopez empties the money on the table and carefully counts it, and there being but about a score of goldpieces and some silver he shakes his head and says a few words to Don Sanchez in a very reproachful tone of remonstrance, to which our don replies by turning all the trifles out of his pocket, one after the other, to prove that he has no money.

"I thought as much," growls Jack in my ear. "A pretty nest of hornets we've fallen into."

The company, seeing there was no more to be got out of Don Sanchez, began to murmur and scowl eyes at us, whereupon Dawson, seeing how the land lay, stands up and empties his pockets on the table, and I likewise, but betwixt us there was no more than some French pennies and some odds and ends of no value at all. Fetching a deep sigh, Don Lopez takes all these possessions into a heap before him, and tells Don Sanchez that he cannot believe persons of our quality could travel with so little; that he feels convinced Don Sanchez must have dropped a purse on the way, and that until it is found he can on no account allow us to leave the neighborhood.

"This comes of being so mighty fine!" says Dawson, when Don Sanchez had explained matters. "Had we traveled as became our condition, this brigand would never have ensnared us higher. And if they won't believe your story, senor, I can't blame 'em, for I would have sworn you had £1,000 to your hand."

"Do you reproach me for my generosity?" asks the don.

"Nay, master, I love you for being free with your money while you have it, but 'tis a queer kind of generosity to bring us into these parts with no means of taking us back again. However, we'll say no more about that if we get out of this cursed smoke hole, and as we are like to come off ill if these Jack thieves keep us here a week or so and get nothing by it, 'twill be best to tell 'em the honest truth and acquaint them that we are no gentle folk, but only three poor English mountebanks brought hither on a wild goose chase."

This was a bitter pill for Don Sanchez to swallow. However, seeing no other cure for our ills, he gulped it down with the best face he could put on it. But from the mockery and laughter of all who heard him 'twas plain to see they would not believe a word of his story.

"What would you have me do now?" asks the don, turning to us when the clamor had subsided, and he told us how he had tried to persuade them we were dancers he was taking for a show to the fair at Barcelona, which they, by our looks, would not believe, and especially that a man of such build as Jack Dawson could foot it, even to please such heavy people as the English.

"What," cries Jack, "I can't dance! We will pretty soon put them to another complexion if they do but give us space and a fair trial. You can strum a guitar, Kit, for I've heard you. And Moll, my chick, do you dash the tears from your cheek and pluck up courage to show these Portugals what the English lass can do."

The brigands agreeing to this trial, the table is shoved back to give us a space in the best light, and our judges seating themselves conveniently Moll brushes her eyes (to a little murmur of sympathy, as I thought), and I strike out the tune. Jack, with all the magnificence of a king, takes her hand and leads her out to a French pavan, and sure no one in the world ever stepped it more gracefully than our poor little Moll (now put upon her mettle), nor more lightly than Dawson, so that every rascal in our audience was won to admiration, clapping hands and shouting "Hola!" when it was done. And this warming us we gave 'em next an Italian coranto, and after that an English pillow dance, and in good faith had they all been our dearest friends these dirty fellows could not have gone more mad with delight. And then, Moll and her father sitting down to fetch their breath, a dispute arose among the brigands which we were at a loss to understand until Don Sanchez explained that a certain number would have it we were real dancers, but that another party, with Don Lopez, maintained there were but court dancers, which only proved the more we were of high quality to be thus accomplished.

"We'll convince 'em yet, Moll, with a fix of their doubts," cries Dawson, starting to his feet again. "Tell 'em we will give 'em a stage dance of a nymph and a wild man, senor, with an excuse for our having no costume but this. Play us our pastoral, Kit. And sing you your ditty of 'Broken Heart,' Moll, in the right place, that I may get my wind for the last caper."

Moll nods, and with ready wit takes the comb from her head, letting her pretty hair tumble all about her shoulders, and then, whipping up her long skirt, tucks one end under her girdle, thereby making a very dainty show of pink lining against the dark stuff and also giving more play for her feet. And so thus they dance their pastoral, Don Sanchez taking a tambourine and tapping it lightly to the measure, up to Moll's song, which so ravished these hardy, stony men by the pathetic sweetness of her voice—for they could understand nothing save by her expression—that they would not let the dance go on until she had sung it through again. To conclude, Jack springs up as one enamored to madness and flings out his last steps with such vigor and agility as to quite astound all.

And now the show being ended, and not one but is a-crying of "Hola!" and "Brava!" Moll snatches the tambourine from Don Sanchez's hand, and stepping before Don Lopez drops him a courtesy and offers it for her reward. At this Don Lopez, glancing at the money on the table by his side, and looking round for sanction to his company, which they did give him without one voice of opposition, he takes up two of the goldpieces and drops them on the parchment. Thus did our Moll, by one clever hit, draw an acknowledgment from them that we were indeed no fine folks, but mere players, which point they might have doubted in their cooler moments.

But we were not quit yet, for on Don Sanchez's begging that we should now be set upon our road to Ravellos the other replies that, though he will do us this service with great pleasure, yet he cannot permit us to encounter the danger again of being taken for persons of quality. "Fine dress," says he, "may be necessary to the senor and his daughter for their court dances, and they are heartily welcome to them for the pleasure they have given us, but for you and the musician who plays but indifferent well, meaner garb is more suitable, and

He takes up two of the goldpieces and drops them on the parchment.

so you will be good enough to step up stairs, the pair of you, and change your clothing for such as we can furnish from our store."

And up stairs we were forced to go, and thus being stripped we were given such dirty fine rags and so grotesque that when we came down Jack Dawson and Moll fell a-laughing at us, as though they would burst, and in truth we made a most ludicrous spectacle, especially the don, whom hitherto we had seen only in the neatest and most noble of clothes, looking more like a couple of scarecrows than living men.

Don Sanchez neither smiled nor frowned at this treatment, taking this misfortune with the resignation of a philosopher, only to quiet Dawson's merriment he told him that in the clothes taken from him was sewed up a bond for £200, but whether this was true or not I cannot tell.

And now, to bring an end to this adventure, we were taken down the intricate passes of the mountain in the moonlight, as many of the gang as could find mules coming with us for escort, and brought at last to the main road, where we were left with naught but what we stood in (save Moll's two pieces), and robbers bidding us their adios with all the courtesy imaginable. But even then, robbed of all he had even to the clothes off his back, Don Sanchez's pride was unshaken, for he bade us note that the very thieves in Spain were gentlemen.

As we trudged along the road toward Ravellos, we fell debating on our case, as what we should do next, etc., Don Sanchez promising that we should have redress for our ill treatment; that his name alone would procure us a supply of money for our requirements, etc., to my great content. Dawson was of another mind.

"As for seeking redress," says he, "I would as soon kick at a hive for being stung by a bee, and the wisest course when you've been once hit by a dog is to keep out of his way for the future. With respect of getting money by your honor's name, you may do as you please, and so may you, Kit, if you're so minded. But for my part, henceforth I'll pretend to be no better than I am, and the first suit of rags I can get will I wear in the fashion of this country. And so shall you, Moll, my dear. So make up your mind to lay aside your fine airs and hold up your nose no longer as if you were too good for your father."

"Why, surely, Jack," says I, "you would not quit us and go from your bargain?"

"Not I, and you should know me well enough, Kit, to have no doubt on that score. But 'tis no part of our bargain that we should bustle anybody but Simon the steward."

"We have 400 miles to go ere we reach Elche," says Don Sanchez. "Can you tell me how we are to get there without money?"

"Aye, that I can, and I warrant my plan as good as your honor's. How many tens are there in 400, Kit?"

"Forty."

"Well, we can walk ten miles a day on level ground, and so may do this journey in six weeks or thereabouts, which is no such great matter, seeing we are not to be back in England afore next year. We can buy a guitar and a tabor out of Moll's pieces. With them we can give a show wherever we stay for the night, and if honest men do but pay us half as much as the thieves of this country we may fare pretty well."

"I confess," says Don Sanchez, "your scheme is the best, and I would myself have proposed it but that I can do so little for my share."

"Why, what odds does that make, senor?" cries Jack. "You gave us of the best while you had aught to give, and 'tis but fair we should do the same. Besides which, how could we get along without you for a spokesman, and I marked that you drummed to our dance very tunefully. Come, is it a bargain, friend?"

And on Don Sanchez's consenting Jack would have us all shake hands on it for a sign of faith and good fellowship. Then, perceiving that we were arrived at the outskirts of the town, we ended our discussion.

[To be continued.]

FROM THE "COWAN" WRECK.

Lloyds' Surveyor Reports the Ship Fast Breaking Up and Past Salvage.

News confirmatory of that obtained by wire to the effect that the wrecked Janet Cowan is fast breaking up, was received yesterday on the return of the steam schooner Mischief from the wreck. The Mischief, carrying D. Cartmel, Lloyds' surveyor, left here on Thursday morning, but on Thursday evening had to put back into Clallam bay for shelter, and there found the salmon bark Silverhow among other vessels. She reached the Cowan early in the afternoon of the next day and anchored about two hundred yards distant from the wreck. A very heavy surf was running and, though a boat was lowered, it was found impossible to go ashore, where there were several persons with whom, on account of the roar of the breakers, it was almost impossible to communicate. It was seen, however, that the vessel was rapidly going to pieces and that there was nothing about her worth saving. The Mischief was further delayed by having to run for Barclay Sound for shelter from a heavy easterly gale.

MARINE NOTES.

The steamship City of Puebla, which sailed for San Francisco last evening, had the following saloon passengers from Victoria: Mrs. W. Shewan, Miss Kindall, Mrs. J. Winnett and family, Dr. Verrinder and family, R. Stoddart, John Gavin, C. Johnston, E. Hunt and wife, H. N. Short, H. P. Hargreave, and H. Freeman.

The schooner Dora Siewerd, in command of H. F. Siewerd, cleared for a sealing cruise along the coast yesterday. She will carry a crew of 9 whites and 30 Indians.

ENTERED.

Str Charmer	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" City of Puebla	"	" "
" Walla Walla	"	San Francisco.
" Lakme	"	"
" Mischief	"	Barclay Sound.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" Walla Walla	"	" "
" City of Puebla	"	San Francisco.
Schr. Dora Siewerd	"	N. P. O.

Don't worry. Don't run in debt. Don't trifle with your health. Don't try experiments with medicines. Don't waste time and money on worthless compounds. Don't be persuaded to take a substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the best of blood purifiers.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Cretonnes, Muslins, Art Muslins, Swiss Nets, etc., at greatly reduced prices to clear, at Weiler Bros. We must make room for spring goods.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR MURDER.

An Argentine Army Chaplain's Slayer Discovered and Convicted.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—In the Court of Assizes at Draguignan, department of Var, Victor Robelle has been sentenced to imprisonment with labor for life for the murder of Abbe Gabriel Segui, in old Compton street, Soho, London, in October 1894. Segui belonged to a rich and influential family in the Argentine Republic. He was found dead in his bed at the time named in a private hotel, hanging from the bed post by a silk handkerchief, which had been tied tightly bound. Nobody then knew who he was, but on the table in the room was found this note, signed Louis Caseres: "Dear sir—Do not accuse anybody of my death. I am finished with life. I am disgusted with my family. I do not require any noise after my death. I have no papers. I do not wish anybody to know the other motives. May God bless you. I am a native of Peru." It was concluded that the dead man's name was Caseres and that he had committed suicide, until a few days afterwards, when the officials of the Argentine legation, Segui having been chief chaplain in the Argentine army, identified the dead man and told the police his proper name. It was found that an unidentified man had forged Segui's signature to a draft for £500 and had obtained the money from a bank in Havre. It was, however, months afterwards before Robelle was arrested at Toulon for taking part in a brawl. He was personating Gabriel Segui at the time, and has been proved to have been Segui's murderer.

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Irregularity the Leading Feature—A Firm Undertone Throughout.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Irregularity was the main feature of the operations in stocks to-day. A firm undertone was in evidence, however, throughout. The eccentricity of the movement of prices is chiefly attributed to the professional dealers and others who preferred to take profits accruing on the advance. London operators also appeared to discount an anticipated reaction in prices. The liquidation in this market for foreign account was estimated at from 10,000 to 15,000 shares. The market closed strong with trading quite animated. Closing prices:

American Cotton Oil	18½
American Sugar	106⅛
" " (preferred)	98
Central Pacific	56¼
New York Central	97½
Canada Southern	49
Delaware & Hudson	128½
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	162
Con. Gas	154½
Jersey Central	103½
North American	5¼
National Lead	25½
Northern Pacific	3¾
Northern Pacific (preferred)	13
Chicago & Northwestern	99¾
Ontario & Western	15
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	72½
Western Union	84¾
C.P.R. in Montreal	55
Bar Silver, per oz	67⅞c

MR. HANNAFORD RESIGNS.

Retirement of the Chief Engineer of the Grank Trunk.

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.—General Manager Hayes, of the Grand Trunk railway, has confirmed the report of the resignation of T. Hannaford, who has been chief engineer of the Grand Trunk for thirty years. He will be succeeded by Joseph Hobson.

ADOLPHUS BILBOUM, the cook of the Candida, who so seriously wounded Anthony Tucker, one of the seamen, at the outer wharf on Monday night, was arraigned in the police court yesterday morning, charged with cutting and wounding. There was no defence, and a fine of $20 was imposed with $5 additional for medical attendance. Tucker's wound is not a dangerous one in itself, the blow having been struck downward and the knife taking a course along the surface rather than into the body. The cut penetrates about three inches and is very close to the heart; the only danger apprehended is, however, in the event of the knife not having been perfectly clean.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

A big line of lace curtain samples, short lengths suitable for many purposes and very cheap. Weiler Bros. x

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST, $1.50

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To St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Minneapolis, Fargo, Crookston, Helena.

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Via the Northern Pacific SS. Co.

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E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.
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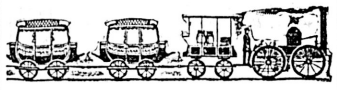

The Above Picture Does Not Represent

a passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. No; its trains are vestibuled, heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp. Its dining cars are the best in the world and its coaches are palaces on wheels.

This great Railway, connecting as it does with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, assures to the travelling public the best service known. Tickets, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway are on sale at all railway ticket offices to any point in the United States or Canada. For maps, folders and other information, address:

C. J. EDDY, General Agent, Portland, Ore.

ja21

Seven days

in the week, "Badger State Express" via "The Northwestern Line" leaves Minneapolis 7:30 a.m., St. Paul 8:10 a.m., arriving Chicago 9:45 p.m., and is the only day train from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago every day in the week. It has comfortable First Class coaches and Luxurious Parlor Car, supplied with every convenience and comfort for a pleasant daylight trip. Your Home agent will sell you tickets via this first-class line. For further information and Illustrated Folder, Free, please address T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn. F. W. Parker, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

The Only Through Line to Nelson, Kalso, Kootenai Lake and Slocan Points.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Northport. Tri-weekly between Northport and Nelson.

7:00 a.m Lv..... SPOKANE ....Ar. 6:50 p.m

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 6:15 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 9:00 p.m. same day. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

For TRAIL CREEK MINES, connect at Northport with stage daily.

For Nakusp and Revelstoke connect at Northport with boat on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

ja1

From London for Victoria Direct.

The first-class four-masted sailing vessel

"DRUMROCK,"

3182 Tons Gross Register,

will be despatched from London for this port during the month of February.

Cargo may be engaged at favorable rates, on application to

ja25 R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend applying to the Honorable the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease as a site for a fishing station the following described lands situated on the Tahsish River, Kyuquot Sound, viz:—Commencing at a post marked "West Coast Packing Co.," on the north shore of Tahsish River; thence across the head of the Arm to a stake in a southerly direction on the south side; thence west 40 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence east 40 chains to place of commencement.

Dated 20th December, 1895.

WEST COAST PACKING COMPANY.

ja10-1m [Signed.] R. V. WINCH, Manager.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

THE ONLY TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

RUNNING THROUGH TRAINS FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC

WITHOUT * CHANGE.

FIRST-CLASS SLEEPERS AND TOURIST CARS

To Boston . . . .
Montreal . . .
Toronto . . .
St. Paul . . .
Minneapolis .

THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY ON THE CONTINENT,

For particulars and all information apply to

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts, Victoria.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European Points.

FROM HALIFAX.

Allan Line	Numidian	Feb 22
"	Laurentian	Mar 7
Dominion Line	Labrador	Feb 29
"	Scotsman	Mar 14

FROM ST. JOHN.

Beaver Line	Lake Winnipeg	Feb 19
"	Lake Superior	Feb 4

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Etruria	Feb 22
"	Campania	Feb 29
American Line	St. Paul	Feb 19
"	Paris	Feb 26
White Star Line	Germanic	Feb 19
"	Teutonic	Feb 26
Red Star Line	Westernland	Feb 19
"	Southwark	Feb 26
Anchor Line	Ethiopia	Feb 22
"	Furnessia	Mar 7
North Ger. Lloyd	Aller	Feb 18
"	Havel	Feb 25
French Line	La Gascogne	Feb 15
"	La Bretagne	Feb 22

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $24.50 to $27. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 25,

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Monday, October 28, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy
	A.M.	P.M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	8:00	3:20
Ar. Nanaimo	11:40	6:38
Ar. Wellington	12:00	6:55

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy
	A.M.	P.M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:20	3:30
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:40	3:45
Ar. Victoria	12:20	7:00

For rates and information apply at Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

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C. P. Navigation Co., Ld.

TIME TABLE No. 27.

Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, January 1st.

Victoria & Sidney R'y.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at	*7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.*
Leave Sidney at	*8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.*

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS:

Leave Victoria at	*7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.*
Leave Sidney at	*8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.*

T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

oc5

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

Esquimalt Station, Jan. 28, 1896.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m..	38°	Mean 42°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m..	38°		
9 a.m..	39°	Highest 45°	5 a.m.—4 N.W.
1 p.m..	42°		1 p.m.—4 N.
5 p.m..	45°	Lowest 38°	9 p.m.—Calm.
9 p.m..	41°		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
E. Baynes Reed, Observer.

TRUE ECONOMY

Lies in buying good things. Good things need not be high-priced. Quality right; prices right, at the

P.P.P.P. {Near the New Post Office. ALWAYS OPEN.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Heagey, Mrs J Wright, T H Trahey and wife, Jos Wright, W J Marsey, Peter Bell, P A O'Farrell, C E Brewer.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Geo Morrat, Thos Thenkeld, H E Levy, J A Falconer, E Brickenridge, H Bullen and wife, J C Bulcong, G Borchardt.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Mrs Sparrow, Campbell Johnston and wife, H P Hargrave, Frank Marnbert, S G Faulkner, A Boritier, D R Harris, A R Tuffts, P Buscombe, Lun Sam, W Thompson, H Darling, C A Holland, Mrs H B Mansell, W P Harvey, J Tunstall, F Cope, O Faulkner, J Brown, T B Williamson, A J Colston, Mrs Noot and son.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound—Erskine, Wall & Co, R H Jamieson, Geo E Munro, Hardress Clarke, C Braund & Co, Simon Leiser & Co, John Tolick, Jas Smith, Langley & Co, R W Palmer, S L V & B, E J Saunders & Co, Blackie & McKinnon, P McQuade & Son, Gilmore & McC, J Piercy & Co, Hall, Ross & Co, W Wilby, Jos Wright, D H R & Co, P T Patton, J J Fisher, M Cohen.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Erskine, Wall & Co, Speed Bros, Vaio & Brooks, Schallcross, McCaulay & Co, H E Levy.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Lenz & Leiser, Pither & Leiser, Orders E M R, Langley & Co, D Spencer, N A Primus, J Hutchison, Naval Storekeeper, H Bornstein, T Haughton, J Piercy, Weiler Bros, Supt of Stores, Ames Holden, A Holmes, H S Fairall, G Dawson, Turner, Beeton & Co, R P Rithet, S Reid, E, Wall & Co, Speed Bros, W G McKenzie, E A Morris, Wm Connell, Hudson Bay Co, Dixie H Ross, Lowenberg, Harris & Co, R E Cooper, T W Patterson, Jas Robertson, S Leiser, B C Market Co, Beaty & Co, Braden Bros, F Norris, H Clay, R J Nott, S Schoen, West Coast Packing Co, Victoria Iron Works, Wm Dalby, Wm Lough, Dom Exp Co.

PERSONAL.

W. H. Ellis left for Seattle yesterday morning.

Herbert Macklin, of Galiano island, was in the city yesterday.

A. W. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, leaves for the Mainland tonight.

H. E. Levy and J. H. Falconer were passengers from Seattle by last evening's Rosalie.

D. R. Harris and C. A. Holland returned from the Mainland yesterday evening.

J. C. Schermerhorn, of the Sayward Mill Co., is paying a business visit to Puget Sound.

Dr. A. E. Verrinder and family were passengers for California by the City of Puebla, sailing last evening.

C. W. Rhodes has arrived from California with his bride. They have taken up their residence on Terrace avenue.

A. D. Charlton and I. A. Nadeau, of the Northern Pacific, returned to the Sound by the City of Kingston yesterday morning.

H. N. Short left for San Francisco last evening to consult an eminent oculist, his eyes having caused him considerable uneasiness of late.

P. A. O'Farrell, the well known Spokane railway and mining man, arrived in Victoria by the City of Kingston yesterday and is a guest at the Driard.

George Bouchardt, of San Francisco; Amos J. Colston, of Quebec, and J. G. Faulkner, of Toronto, are among the recently arrived guests at the Driard.

George E. Powell, who has been confined to his residence by illness for some time past, has sufficiently recovered to take a recuperatory trip to Puget Sound.

W. Pellew Harvey, ex-Mayor Fred. Cope, J. Thomson, H. Darling and F. Buscombe, the latter of the firm of J. A. Skinner & Co., form a party of Vancouverites now staying at the Driard.

F. A. Brand, representing the Baker-Hamilton Co., of San Francisco, was in Victoria yesterday in the interests of the Tribune bicycles, very neat and high grade wheels. He returned to the Sound by the outgoing Rosalie.

Captain Gaudin, agent of marine and fisheries, wired Lightkeeper Daykin, of Carmanah, yesterday afternoon to take charge, if necessary, and bury the corpses of the second mate and the two apprentices of the lost ship Janet Cowan, which were reported a few days ago to be drifting among the rocks near the vessel, unheeded by those about the abandoned craft. Although Captain Gaudin thought best to wire he has little doubt that the bodies have not long ago been properly interred as there is a mission close by. The late steward of the wreck, J. W. Taylor, and W. A. Walker, a shipwrecked companion, yesterday wrote the following note to the Colonist for publication: "We, the undersigned, desire to express our heartfelt gratitude to the kind friends of Victoria who have so liberally helped us in returning to our families in England, and to Rev. C. M. Tate for the active interest he has taken in our welfare."

The Daily Colonist—20 cents per week.

THE SOLDIERS ENTERTAIN.

Friends of the Royal Marine Artillery and Royal Engineers the Guests at a Delightful Smoker.

The racquet court at Work Point barracks was looking its very prettiest yesterday evening when with Sergeant-Major McArthur, R.E., in the chair, a smoking concert was given with Lt.-Col. Rawstorne, R.M.A., Lieut.-Col. Peters, D.A.G., the members of the B.C.R.G.A. and the petty officers and men of the Royal Navy, Royal Naval dockyard and Royal Navy hospital were the honored guests, upwards of 350 invitations having been issued. The decorations of the hall introduced the flags of all nations, intermingled with creations of evergreens and brightened by numerous artistic devices of swords and bayonets.

Her Majesty the Queen having been right loyally toasted, the programme of songs, recitations and dances was forthwith taken up, the following among others contributing most acceptably to the pleasure of the assembled company: Mr. Martin, R.N., song; Mr. Bell, R.E., recitation; Mr. Dooley, song; Mr. Fisher, song; Clr.-Sgt. Sparrow, Gr. Hatcher, Gr. Blackman, Mr. Adams and Gr. Lawrie (B. C. R. G. A), mandolin selections; Mr. Dudgeon, song; Gr. Ayton, R. M. A., song; Mr. Pilling, song; Mr. Richardson, song; Mr. Rainslow and Mr. Rutty, song and dance; Mr. Wilson, Mr. Richardson and Mr. McIntyre, trio; Sapper Truscott, R.E., song; Mr. Noakes, R.N., song, and Mr. Tribe, song; Professor E. Pferdner and Mr. W. Bryce also contributing much appreciated instrumental music.

The supply of the soothing weed and of refreshments was apparently inexhaustible and nothing had been left undone that could possibly contribute to the comfort or pleasure of their guests by the committee of arrangements, which was composed of the following: Color Sgt. Sparrow, R.M.A., Sgt. Tilling, R.E.. Sgt. Boyd, R.M.A., Sgt. Gibson, R.M.A. (secretary), Sgt. Barber, Med. Staff Corps; Gr. Lyons, R.M.A., Bomb. Fletcher, R.M.A., Gr. Cordery, R.M.A., Sapper Townsend, R.E. and Sapper Spring, R.E.

There was a small but very fashionable audience present at the invitation dance given by the young people of the congregation Emanu-el in their hall last evening. Richardson's orchestra provided a pleasing programme for the event, and at midnight a very inviting supper was served.

At a special meeting of the Victoria Gun Club last evening the proposed amendments to the game act suggested by the V. I. F. & G. P. S. were discussed. While in accord with the views of the society as regards the season of open shooting, the club was unanimous in its disapproval of the proposed amendments relating to the imposition of a gun license and the right of provincial police to search parties on private property. The club took this action owing to the strenuous objections of the farmers of the surrounding districts, to whom the members of the V.G.C. owe many thanks for their lenient forbearance during the open game season.

At the Victoria theatre yesterday evening Keene the tragedian presented Richard III to the satisfaction of a fairly large audience. His characterization of Gloucester changes but little as the years go by; though far from realizing the student's or the thorough actor's conception of the part, Keene is and always has been remarkably successful in it by reason of the fact that he is intensely melodramatic. Melodrama remains, as a prominent New York critic recently put it, the domain of the hysterical Thespian and the dear love of the common people; hence Keene's marked success. The setting and costuming was last evening very satisfactory and excellent support was given the star by Miss Timbermann, Mrs. S. A. Baker, Frank Hennig, Thomas Eagleson and Carl Ahrondt.

Chief of Police Sheppard with Sergt. J. W. Walker, Detectives Perdue and Palmer and Contable Mouat last evening organized a little surprise party for the benefit of the proprietors of the fantan game which for some time past has been doing active business at 37 Fisgard street. The place in question had been specially fortified to withstand attack and has hitherto defied assault; last night, however, the Chief with his little axe managed to hew a way through and reach the gambling room before the wily Chinese could vacate it. There was of course a wild rush of players and spectators for the open air, but the principals in the game, seven in number, were with the paraphernalia taken to the station. The supposed proprietor of the den, a little wizened Celestial, had at the first alarm squeezed himself into a soap box lying on the floor, and thus escaped detection until the officers were leaving. Then one of the guardians of the law carelessly gave the box passing attention, a blow of the axe upon his shell bringing Mr. Chinaman up like the Jack-in-the-box he very much resembled. He completed the string who will appear for trial in the police court this morning. They give their names, subject to amendment and correction, as Mah Ha Yen, Foo War, No Ting, Hong Chin, Ah Kye, Wong Hong and Wee Kwong. All save Wong Hing were admitted to bail during the evening.

The sale of boots and shoes is still going on at Geo. H. Maynard's, 85 Douglas street, I.O.O.F. block. Just fancy Burt & Packards fine shoes selling at $3.50, other goods in men's from $1.00 up. 76 pairs ladies Oxford ties for $1.00 per pair. They have to go to make room for new goods. x

From Now Until Spring

Overcoats and winter wraps will be in fashion. They can be discarded, temporarily, while traveling in the steam-heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. For solid comfort, for speed and for safety, no other line can compare with this great railway of the West.

CITY POLICE AFFAIRS

Somewhat Severely Criticised, Indirectly However, by the Board of Aldermen.

Important Resolutions Laid Over by Last Night's Special Council Meeting.

Before the city council proceeded to the consideration of the business that constituted the occasion for their meeting, last evening, Ald. Partridge sought and obtained permission to address himself briefly to a matter of privilege. He referred to the contents of a letter appearing in the Evening Times—a letter which bore the signature of "Ratepayer," but whose author was in his (Ald. Partrige's) opinion not far from the council board. In the concluding paragraph of his letter this correspondent said: "I was surprised and disgusted at the course pursued by Ald. Partridge in regard to salaries of water collectors. To-night's voting will be watched with interest by myself and others as impartial lookers-on and who have no axe to grind, and I trust family interests will be put aside and justice and the welfare of the city only be considered."

"Had that letter not appeared," added Ald. Partridge, "I should certainly have refrained from voting upon Ald. Marchant's resolution when it is brought forward. Now, however, it is my intention whether or not it is a family matter to not only vote on the question but to discuss it to the very best of my ability."

Ald. Marchant at once took occasion to repudiate any implied connection between himself and the authorship of the letter and later in the evening asked that the consideration of the resolution be deferred until the next regular meeting of the board, this being agreed to.

Ald. Macmillan, after fully explaining the causes which had led him to present the resolution, and pointing out that the object sought was to meet a possible deficit without the excessive taxation of improvements, moved:

"That whereas, because of the proposed reduction in the assessed value of property for the present year, the rates as now provided for will not furnish sufficient revenue for all civic purposes, be it resolved that the council petition the legislature to so enact that the rate on real estate be increased to 20 mills on the dollar to provide for the deficiency."

Ald. Cameron, whose name appeared as that of the seconder of this resolution, explained that while its wording did not meet with his entire approval he had seconded the motion in order that the subject dealt with might be brought fairly before the board. He should have preferred to have had the consideration of this matter deferred until the estimates had been disposed of, as the council would then be able to act intelligently, knowing the amount of revenue available and the probable expenditure to be provided for. He also took exception to the specific amount of 20 mills being mentioned in the resolution as it was; he would have preferred to have seen 20 mills mentioned as a maximum, not to be taken advantage of unless absolutely necessary. If the law and circumstances made necessary the lowering of the assessed value of land, the only way to make up the necessary revenue was by increasing the rate; the intention was not to make the taxation higher than usual, but to readjust it upon the basis of reduced assessment values.

Ald. Humphrey moved in amendment that the consideration of the subject dealt with be deferred until the estimates were laid before the council. The board would then be able to proceed with a clear understanding of the necessities of the city. This amendment found a seconder in Ald. Glover, who also considered the resolution premature.

Ald. Marchant thought that sooner or later the council would come to the point indicated by Ald. Macmillan's resolution; in any event, it was wisdom to obtain the power to meet a possible emergency. He, too, disapproved of the wording of the resolution, but as it merely provided for a possible contingency he would support it. He believed that there should be no limit to the taxation by any council during the current year of its existence.

His Worship, in reference to the available income of the city, pointed out that in Victoria the personal property tax and the income tax were still collected by the provincial government. In his opinion they should come into the city treasury, and he suggested that the council apply to the government for the transfer of these revenues to the city in view of the increased financial obligations imposed upon the city. He also held that an increase of the per capita grant for education was due to the city from the province and advised that the subject by inquired into.

The discussion here terminating, Ald. Humphrey's amendment to defer consideration of the subject dealt with in the resolution until the estimates should have been brought down was adopted on a division of 6 to 3, Ald. Macmillan, Marchant and Cameron voting in the negative.

Ald. Macmillan speaking to a point of order maintained that Ald. Humphrey's motion was a substantive one and could not properly be dealt with as an amendment. The Mayor ruled otherwise, and Ald. Macmillan thereupon subsided with the remark:

"Well that's parliamentary procedure such as I have never heard of."

"It is quite possible, Ald. Macmillan," His Worship blandly responded, "that you will have the opportunity of becoming acquainted with many points of order here which you have not heretofore been familiar with."

"It would seem so," was the alderman's comment, and the consideration of Ald. Marchant's police resolution was next taken up. This was seconded by Ald. Glover and read as follows:

"That the police commissioners be respectfully requested to obtain from the chief of police the following information: A detailed list of the duties of the chief of police, sergeants and constables in the pay of the corporation, said duties to include the hours and location of the policemen's beats, together with a copy of the instructions, if any, given to each officer on the force."

The mover briefly explained that his object was to gain information—that and nothing more. Constant and repeated complaints as to the mismanagement of this branch of the civic work prompted the inquiry.

Ald. Glover thought the information sought no more than the council had a right to be put in possession of. Hence he had seconded the resolution and would vote for it.

Ald. Partridge did not see that anything was to be gained by the passage of such a resolution. He was certain that if any of the aldermen would go to the Chief of Police or to the police commissioners or either of them, he could obtain all the information desired in five minutes. He held that it was far from desirable to make public as proposed the details of the working of the police force.

Ald. Macmillan supported the proposal, many rumors having come to his ears of violations of the law, of which the police were cognizant. Gambling dens and Chinese lotteries were it was said permitted to flourish undisturbed, and it surely was not too much for the council to ask where the police are, under these circumstances. If police were on duty in the localities infested by the gambling rooms it was certain that they were either incapable or worse. Either they were incompetent, or else they were managed in such a way that they were unwilling to deal with violations of the law. The time had come for all suspicions as to the integrity of the force to be removed. If unwilling to do their duty or incapable of performing it, the policemen now employed were not the right men; he inclined, however, to the opinion that the force contained good men, if only they were properly handled and directed.

Ald. Cameron did not believe in asking for details of the working of a department as proposed in this motion; if the system was at fault, attack it. Three or four years ago the management of the police department was taken out of the hands of the council and vested in a commission, to consist of the Mayor, Police Magistrate and County Court judge. Up to date the Victoria police commisssion had been incomplete, a third commissioner not having been appointed. He questioned if the change had been beneficial; personally he thought that the police should be under the direct control of the council. He would vote for the resolution, as it was plainly evident that the present management of the police was not satisfactory to Victoria's citizens.

Ald. Wilson thought that the reply to be looked for from the commissioners in the event of this resolution carrying was "Mind your own business." He did not think that the details of police duty asked for should be given to the board; but as, on the other hand, he did not think for a moment that they would be given, he would not oppose the motion.

The resolution carried.

The annual loan by-law having been introduced by Ald. Williams, passed its first reading, and the assessment roll by-law was re-considered and finally adopted. The last item of business for the evening was in the form of a letter from the City Solicitor, which the Clerk read as follows:

To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

Gentlemen:—Re Mr. Crow Baker's letter, I beg to inform you with regard to this letter, which was referred to me by you for interpretation:

1. That it is an official acknowledgment, not intended for publication, of the receipt of one part of the agreement lately made between the telephone company and the corporation for the joint use of their respective telephone and electric light poles; and, in part, an amplification of language for the delectation of the writer's personal friend, Mr. Dowler.

2. That it exhibits a laudable ambition on Mr. Crow Baker's part to keep the promise made by him to the city council in 1894 that such an arrangement as is embodied in the agreement should be made as soon as the telephone company was in a position so to do without "contempt of court," and inasmuch as the city had, relying upon such promise, assumed rights and privileges in using the company's poles before the execution of the agreement, the expression of the writer was intended to remove all doubts upon the point and to confirm to the corporation the use of such poles by them from the beginning of such assumption of privilege.

3. That the writer requests to be furnished with a copy of the resolution passed by the council authorizing the execution of the agreement, which request has since been complied with.

The letter does not in any way interfere with the agreement made with the company.

I have the honor to be, etc.,
(Signed) C. Dubois Mason.

It was moved and seconded that the communication be received and filed.

"Better refer it to Mr. Taylor for interpretation," was the jocular comment of Ald. Glover.

"Or to the Library or Hack committee," put in his neighbor, Ald. Marchant.

"Or to the select standing committee on fossils"—this from Ald. Macmillan, at the other end of the board.

The suggestions passed unheeded, and the letter was filed.

AYER'S Hair VIGOR

Restores natural color to the hair, and also prevents it falling out. Mrs. H. W. Fenwick, of Digby, N. S., says:

"A little more than two years ago my hair began to turn gray and fall out. After the use of one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was restored to its original color and ceased falling out. An occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. Fenwick, Digby, N. S.

Growth of Hair.

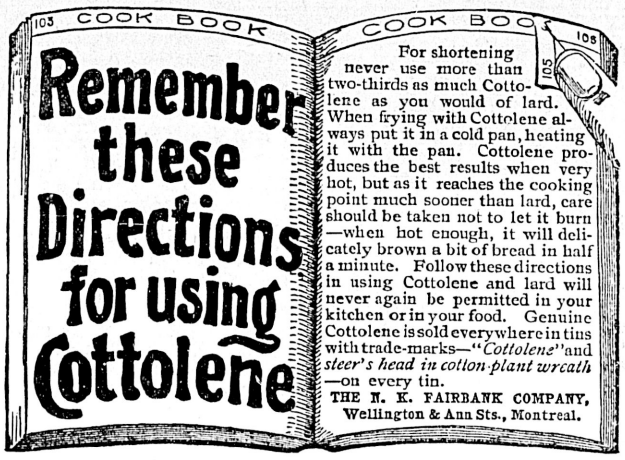
"Eight years ago, I had the varioloid, and lost my hair, which previously was quite abundant. I tried a variety of preparations, but without beneficial result, till I began to fear I should be permanently bald. About six months ago, my husband brought home a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and I began at once to use it. In a short time, new hair began to appear, and there is now every prospect of as thick a growth of hair as before my illness."—Mrs. A. Weber, Polymnia St., New Orleans, La.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ayer's Pills cure Sick Headache.



Granby Rubbers

Are out again this season in new styles, and in all the new shoe shapes, right up to date, but with the same old "wear like iron" quality that has always characterized them, because they are honestly made of pure Rubber. Be sure you get Granbys this year.

Revolution in Chewing Tobacco.

TUCKETT'S T & B MAHOGANY

IS THE LATEST AND BEST.

See that the **T & B Tin Tag** is on each plug.

MANUFACTURED BY

The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario. fe24

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE MERRY NIGHT.

THURSDAY, JAN'Y 30.

THE POPULAR COMEDIENNE,

KATIE PUTNAM

ALWAYS GOOD. BETTER THAN EVER.

In a rich and elaborate scenic production of the comedy drama,

The Old Lime Kiln

KATIE PUTNAM IN NEW SONGS.

Scenery depicting noted scenes in Yellowstone Park and painted by St. John Lewis.
Prices usual. Sale of seats opens at 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning at Jamieson's. ja28-3t

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness, is to use the best preventive known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

For self-feeding stoves use Pennsylvania hard; for steady heat and lasting power is unrivalled. x

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. ocld-w

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Board of Licensing Commissioners.

The Board of Licensing Commissioners will sit in the Police Court, City Hall, on Thursday next, the 30th inst., at 2 p.m., to consider an application made under the "License Act, 1895," by the owners of the Garrick's Head Saloon, No. 23 and No. 25 Bastion street.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., January 28, 1896. ja29

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

YOUNG man wants situation in wholesale store or warehouse. Address W.R., Colonist office. ja28-2t

WANTED—A cow with first or second calf. 13 Vining street, Spring Ridge. ja28-2t

A YOUNG woman wants situation at housework. Apply C., Colonist office. ja28-2t

PARTNERSHIP wanted in first-class commission or grocery house by well known man with some means. Address X.Y.Z., Colonist office. ja22-10t

WANTED—An energetic canvasser or sub agent for a Fire Insurance Co. A. W. More & Co., Insurance Agents, 70 Douglas St.

SITUATION WANTED—By young Ontario Solicitor, in law or mercantile office, in British Columbia; grad. 1881 Br. Am. Business Col., Toronto; six years bookkeeper in loan Co. office, and in law office; studied law 3 years in town and 2 years in Toronto; have practised law since 1890. Address O.S., this office.

WANTED—At Beaver Lake Waterworks, 25 men at 25 cents an hour; board $5 per week. Walkeley, King & Casey, de12

WANTED—500 lots of new and cast-off clothing and shoes, at 83 Johnson street, S. Cooness. de16

TO LET OR LEASE.

ROOMS furnished or unfurnished, suitable for light housekeeping. 71 View street. ja26-4t

COMFORTABLY furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. 139 Michigan street. ja14-2w

FOR RENT—Large front room, suitable for two; every convenience; breakfast if desired. Apply 5 Queen's avenue, near Government street. de24-tf

TO LET—Comfortable housekeeping rooms, with hot and cold water bath. Apply 104 Pandora; also a furnished 15-roomed house. Apply 97 Quadra. de22-1m

FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE—22½ acres South Saanich, 7-roomed house, stable, chicken house and barn, 11 acres cleared; only $1,050; 140 acres near McPherson's station, house and farm buildings 6 to 8 acres cleared; Price reduced to $830; 207¼ acres near Duncan Station, 40 acres under cultivation, house and good farm buildings; price $7,000; a good farm in South Saanich, 40 to 50 acres under cultivation, 6-roomed house, and good farm buildings, $10,600; 200 acres near Alberni Townsite, $2,000; 50 acres Metchosin, about 10 acres cleared, house and farm buildings, $460; a good farm fronting on Prospect Lake, $6,000; 65 acres and improvements, Salt Spring Island, $325. A. W. More & Co., Real Estate Agents, 70 Douglas st.

TO FARMERS and those seeking homes out of which they can make a living. We have some of the best snaps in farms in B.C. for sale. What do you think of this:

Near Mission City, 120 acres; frame house worth $400, barn 60x60, worth $50; 25 acres fenced and cultivated; balance easily cleared; clay loam. $1,600 the whole thing.

New Westminster District, near a railway station, 160 acres; log house, barn 18x40 feet; 3½ acres in orchard, 11 acres cleared and have under cultivation. $1,200.

Near Mission City, 140 acres on C.P.R. line; frame cottage worth $750; sheds and stables; 4 acres in orchard, 50 acres under cultivation. $1,800.

These prices are not one-third of what these properties are worth. Sold under mortgage. H. Cuthbert & Co., Auctioneers and Brokers.

LOST OR FOUND.

OWNER wanted for valuable gold bracelet, with large stone setting. The bracelet may be had on proving ownership and paying expenses, to H. W. Sheppard, Chief of Police.

ST. ALICE MINERAL WATER

—FROM—

Harrison Hot Springs

THORPE & CO'Y,

LIMITED LIABILITY,

VICTORIA, Telephone 435, Box 175.

VANCOUVER, Telephone 181, Box 505.